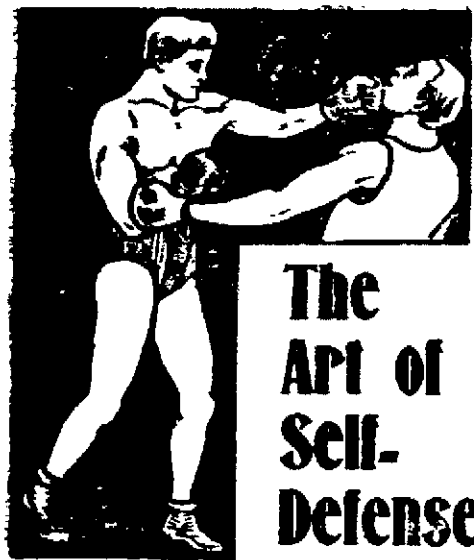




The Art of Self-Defense.

The popular idea expressed in the phrase, "the art of self-defense," shows the opinion that the chief enemies a man has to defend himself from are visible and external. But the real danger of every man is from minute and often invisible foes. In the air we breathe and the water we drink are countless minute organisms leagued against the health of the body.

The one defense against these enemies is to keep the blood pure. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery thoroughly purifies the blood, removing poisonous substances and accretions. When the blood is pure there is no harbor for the germs of disease which find a lodging only when the blood is impure and corrupt.

"I consider your 'Golden Medical Discovery' one of the best medicines on the face of the earth," writes Mr. Wm. Floeter, of Kedok, Montgomery Co., Iowa. "While in the south-west, three years ago, I got poisoned with poison ivy. The poison settled in my blood and the horrors I suffered cannot be told in words. I thought I would go crazy. I tried different kinds of medicine, tried different doctors, but all the relief they could give me was to make my pocket-book lighter. I then began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Took four bottles without relief. Kept taking it. I took in all ten bottles and got entirely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.



Emmet's Poultry Powder

for the Prevention and Cure of Diseases among Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks and Geese. Keeps Hens while Moulting in healthy and good laying condition. Improves the Gloss and Coat of Feathers. As an Egg producer it has no equal, and is a sure, safe, reliable cure for Gapes, Cholera, Roup, Brash, Crop Bound, Feather-eating, Piping and Fever.

J. L. EMMET, Druggist,
HANOVER, PA.



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We are prepared to give you advice in this matter, correct advice, time saving, nerve saving advice. We are properly equipped for making thorough and intelligent examinations of the eye.

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CITIZEN AGUINALDO.

Captive Filipino Leader Takes the Oath of Allegiance.

General MacArthur Will Probably Keep the ex-Leader Under His Eye and Use Him in Loyalizing the Remnant of the Insurgent Forces.

Washington, April 3.—The war department yesterday received information from Gen. MacArthur that Emilio Aguinaldo, the leader of the Philippine insurgents, who was captured by Gen. Funston on March 23 and brought to Manila on Thursday of last week, has taken the oath of allegiance to the United States under the terms of amnesty offered by Gen. MacArthur by direction of the president. The dispatch conveying this information contained much more than was given to the public. The portion withheld related to the future disposition of Aguinaldo, and made suggestions as to what the late chief of the insurrection might accomplish. No official statement could be obtained as to what finally would be done with the prisoner, but it was emphatically stated that he would be held for the present, but would be granted all possible immunity consistent with existing conditions. Gen. MacArthur has hopes that a great deal may be accomplished through Aguinaldo. During the time he has been prisoner he has made quite a favorable impression upon Gen. MacArthur.

It has been suggested that under the terms of the notice of amnesty the prisoner should be set at liberty at once, but there is a provision in the amnesty proclamation which says that those who have violated the laws of war are excepted from its terms. Whether or not Gen. MacArthur has satisfied himself that Aguinaldo has not violated the laws of war cannot be stated, as the prisoner would be permitted to take the oath pending an investigation of his past conduct. Aguinaldo, having been the head of the insurrection, undoubtedly can be held until further investigation is made, or until the circumstances which surround the situation in the Philippines makes it advisable to release him outright or otherwise dispose of him. These conditions and the general situation and Aguinaldo's relation to them were the subject of Gen. MacArthur's dispatch and are being considered by the authorities here, who will have the final disposition of the matter.

The taking of the oath in itself is regarded as giving Aguinaldo a status of loyalty to the United States quite different from those still in arms. The war department authorities say that offenses against the articles of war, excepted in the proclamation of amnesty, refer to murders and like depredations. Only recently five Filipino officers were executed for such offenses. It is not known here whether Aguinaldo was responsible in any case of such offenses, though from the fact that Gen. MacArthur allowed him to take the oath of allegiance, it is assumed that the commanding general does not hold Aguinaldo to be chargeable with a violation of the articles of war. It is believed Gen. MacArthur will keep the ex-leader under his eye and avail himself of the good offices of Aguinaldo in loyalizing the remnant of the insurgent forces.

As having an important bearing on the case of Aguinaldo the war department has received a copy of the rebel chief's last proclamation. A significant paragraph is as follows:

"All guerrilla chiefs, as soon as they capture any armed American citizen, shall take him into the interior at once and shall communicate with the chief of the nearest American detachment urgently requesting the exchange of prisoners at the rate of one American for every three Filipinos of the enemy who are condemned to death. If said American chief should refuse to make the exchange requested the American prisoners shall be shot, whatever be their number."

Should the capture and submission of the Filipino chieftain mark the beginning of the end in the Philippines, as is expected, the effect upon the American naval representation in Asiatic waters will be a very considerable reduction of our naval force in the far east. There are at present about 57 of our naval vessels on the Asiatic station—a greater number than ever before has been mobilized there and including some of the finest battleships, cruisers and ironclads in our navy.

Funston Gets His Reward.

Washington, April 1.—The following important army appointments were announced at the White House Saturday night: To be major general of the United States army, Brig. Gen. Lloyd Wheaton, vice Miles, promoted lieutenant general. To be brigadier general in the regular army, Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, United States volunteer, vice Wheaton, promoted; Col. Jacob H. Smith, Seventeenth United States infantry, vice Daggett, retired.

HARRISON RE-ELECTED.

Democratic Candidate Again Wins Chicago's Mayoralty Contest.

Chicago, April 5.—Carter H. Harrison has been re-elected mayor of Chicago for the second time, and will next week commence his third term as the chief executive of the city. His total plurality over Judge Elbridge Haney, the Republican nominee, will be 28,257 votes.

Out of 35 wards of the city Harrison yesterday carried 26 and Haney nine. The vote was badly split, some of the strongest Republican parts of the city giving only a small plurality for the party nominee, and some of them going for Harrison, who, however, suffered in some of the Democratic strongholds.

The Democrats carried all the city offices on the ticket, as well as that of mayor. William Loeffler was elected city clerk, A. J. Ryan city attorney and C. F. Gunther city treasurer. Their pluralities will be within a few thousand of Mayor Harrison's. None of them will probably have a majority exceeding his.

In the various towns the elections were about evenly divided. The Democrats carried the south, north and probably the west towns, while the Republican officials have been elected in the towns of Jefferson, Hyde Park and Cicero.

At Freeport township election the Democratic ticket was successful. At Kankakee the Republicans elected their township ticket except collector. At Rock Island the Republicans elected B. Frank Knox mayor and all the aldermen. At Galesburg a Democratic mayor and a Republican city council were elected. The Republicans were successful in Joliet and in Decatur township. In Springfield John L. Phillips, Republican, defeated William O. Converse, Democrat, for mayor by a small plurality.

The Elections in Kansas.

Kansas City, Kan., April 3.—Municipal elections were held in all the larger cities of Kansas yesterday. Party lines were not drawn generally, and in numerous cities the issue was prohibition. In Kansas City, the largest city in the state, there were straight party tickets. The result is not yet known. In Topeka the Republican ticket, supported by the temperance people, was elected. J. W. Orr, Democrat, was elected mayor of Atchison. At Leavenworth the entire Democratic ticket was elected. At Wichita, where Mrs. Nation began her crusade, the temperance ticket was overwhelmingly defeated by the Republican. The Democrats carried Galena.

License Wins in Nebraska.

Omaha, April 3.—The issue in nearly every small town in the state yesterday was license or no license, and reports received from 50 villages indicate that the majority of them have gone for license. In a few of the larger towns politics entered into the campaign, and results are about equally divided. Humboldt, after being without saloons for four years, elected a license board, as did Nelson and Hebron. Beaver City, Stromsburg and St. Edward voted against license. In Lincoln the Republican ticket won.

License Wins in Minnesota.

St. Paul, April 3.—Municipal elections were held in the various cities of the third class throughout the state yesterday. Party lines were not drawn, and in many cases there was but one ticket in the field. Wherever the issue was "license" or "no license" the former has been successful. In several instances the question of issuing bonds for various local improvements was voted upon.

Republican Victory in Denver.

Denver, April 3.—Partial returns from all the wards of the city indicate a sweeping victory for the Republican ticket. Leading Democrats concede the election of the body of the Republican ticket by 4,000 to 5,000 plurality, while claiming the mayoralty in doubt. The council will be mixed.

Democrats Win in St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 3.—Returns from all precincts in the city have been received. These show that Wells, Democrat, has carried the city by about 10,000 plurality.

Heavy Snow in Kansas.

Atwood, Kan., April 3.—The north-west corner of Kansas is buried under a heavy blanket of snow, two feet deep on the level and from 18 to 20 feet in drifts. The prairie roads are impassable. Many cattle have died on the ranges, and in nearly all the towns there is a famine in fuel and provisions.

London, April 2.—A dispatch to The Morning Leader from Keif says it is reported that an officer of the household attempted to assassinate the czar. He fired at his majesty, but missed. He then shot and killed himself before he could be seized.

CONFESSION OF MURDER.

Valet Jones Tells of the Killing of William Marsh Rice.

New York, April 3.—Without the slightest quaver in his well modulated voice, and displaying no outward sign of regret or remorse, Charles F. Jones, secretary and valet to the late William Marsh Rice, yesterday confessed under oath that he had ended the life of his employer and benefactor with chloroform.

The confession was the climax of a remarkable recital in which was laid bare the details of an alleged subtle conspiracy which had for its object the seizure of \$3,000,000 in cash and negotiable securities and the conversion of \$3,000,000 in realty to the uses of the alleged conspirator.

The self-confessed murderer told the story of the alleged plot from its inception. The capital crime he committed and all the minor offenses that preceded it were, he declared, at the instigation and direction of Albert T. Patrick. It was Patrick, he said, who conceived the idea of forging a will and forging transfers and conveyances. It was Patrick who induced two persons to witness the forged signature. It was Patrick who determined that Rice should die, and it was Patrick who sought to have him killed slowly, and then, becoming impatient, determined upon quick action. And, according to Jones, remarkable as it may seem, Rice never knew Patrick during his lifetime and never saw him but once.

Jones, according to his story, first began his acquaintance with Patrick when the lawyer called at the residence of Millionaire Rice on Madison avenue, this city, in October, 1893. The witness told of the growing friendship and the gradual approach to the discussion of the affairs of Mr. Rice which finally resulted in the proposition to defraud, and Jones finally yielded. Then came the details of the story of the transfers and conveyances of real and personal property to Patrick, over the forged signatures of Rice; the stealing of blank checks from the millionaire's check book; then delivery to Patrick and the forging of Rice's signature; the proposition to put the aged millionaire out of the way, first weakening him by continuous doses of mercury; the calling in of a physician at frequent intervals, thus apparently providing for the issuance of a death certificate, and the extreme care with which this plan of slow poisoning was carried out.

Jones described his return to Mr. Rice's apartments and the discovery of the millionaire sleeping peacefully in bed, of his stealthy search for a napkin and the fashioning of it into a cone shape as directed, he said, by Patrick, and of pinning a small sponge at the point of the cone. Then he told of saturating the napkin and sponge with chloroform and holding it over his own nostrils to test its effect. He described his approach to the bed with the saturated napkin in his hand, placing it over the face of the sleeping old man, his flight from the room, the weary wait of 30 minutes, in accordance with Patrick's alleged instructions, at the expiration of which time he returned and found Rice dead. He then threw open the windows to free the room from the odor of chloroform, telephoned to Patrick that Rice was dead, sent for a physician and then, after expressing his grief at the loss of so good and kind an employer, he said he went to bed and fell into a sound sleep.

Patrick, accused by Jones of being the arch criminal, listened to the witness with attention and occasionally made notes of the testimony. Not even the nerve of the remarkable witness on the stand was more cool, calm and collected than this remarkable prisoner. Patrick displayed neither anger, fear nor resentment.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Philadelphia, April 2.—Flour steady; winter superfine, \$2.25; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$2.10; city mills, extra, \$2.00; Rye flour dull at \$2.00 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat dull; No. 2 red, 75¢; No. 2 white, 74¢; No. 2 yellow, 73¢; mixed, spot, 72¢; No. 2 white, 71¢; No. 2 yellow, 70¢; local, 69¢; No. 2 white, 68¢; No. 2 yellow, 67¢; lower grades, 66¢; 2c. Ray steady; choice timothy, \$1.50; 17 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$14.15; Pork quiet; family, \$17.15; Lard steady; western, \$8.75. Live poultry quoted at 11¢; 12¢ for fat hens, 12¢; for old roosters, 12¢; for winter chickens, 12¢; for spring chickens, 12¢; for ducks and 10¢; for geese. Dressed poultry at 11¢ for choice, 12¢ for old roosters, 12¢; for nearly broken, 11¢; for fancy young western turkey hens, 11¢; for choice to fancy western ducks and 10¢; for western geese. Butter firm; fresh creamery, 16¢; factory, 15¢; imitation creamery, 14¢; New York dairy, 15¢; 21¢; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 24¢; do. extra, 23¢. Cheese firm; fancy large colored and white, 11¢; fancy small colored, 12¢; fancy small white, 12¢; Eggs strong; New York and Pennsylvania, at mark, 12¢; western do., 13¢; southern do., 12¢; Potatoes firm; Jersey, \$1.25; New York, \$1.40; Long Island, \$1.30; Jersey sweets, \$1.25.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, March 28.

The Pennsylvania building at the Buffalo exposition is to cost \$15,000.

Governor Davis, of Arkansas, signed the anti-gambling bill yesterday, and all gambling places in the state are closed.

The imperial insurance department reports that 17,000,000 persons are now insured in Germany.

Eight thousand people died of the plague last week in Bengal alone, including Calcutta. Whole towns are being deserted.

Ex-State Secretary Caleb Powers, sentenced to life imprisonment, and James Howard, sentenced to hang for the Goebel murder, have been granted new trials by Kentucky's court of appeals.

Friday, March 29.

Mrs. Nation's lecture in Cincinnati last night drew a very small audience.

Ex-Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, supports the Republican ticket in Chicago's municipal election.

J. H. Millard and Governor Charles H. Dietrich, Republicans, were elected United States senators from Nebraska.

Mrs. John R. McPherson, widow of New Jersey's former United States senator, died in New York.

A Constantinople dispatch announces that nine men were scalded to death by the bursting of a steam pipe on the Turkish torpedo boat Shehab, at Salonica.

The Stove Founders' association and the Molders Union of North America, in joint session at Chicago, agreed upon the same scale for the coming year as the one in force last year.

Saturday, March 30.

Roland Reed, the actor, died in New York from cancer of the stomach, aged 47 years.

Attorney General Griggs formally retired from the cabinet today to resume his law practice.

Karpovitch, who killed Russia's minister of public instruction, was sentenced to 20 years' penal servitude.

Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, issued a proclamation yesterday designating April 12 and 26 as arbor days.

Mrs. Mary Ertel, who killed her paragon, George Deges, on Dec. 31 last, was acquitted in New York yesterday.

A seat in the New York stock exchange was sold yesterday for \$55,000, which is \$25,000 more than the highest previous price.

Sunday, April 1.

The Oil City (Pa.) tube mill, closed by the trust, was reopened today.

Robert M. Montgomery, Rep., was elected supreme judge of Michigan.

Medical Director W. T. Hord, of the navy (retired), died in Washington, aged 70.

Twenty cotton mills in Fall River, Mass., closed Saturday until April 8, affecting 8,000 employees.

"Squire" William McMullen, for years well known in Philadelphia politics, died in that city, aged 77 years.

F. H. Zabriskie, 27 years old, son of a Princeton (N. J.) clergyman, committed suicide by shooting in New York. Despondency.

The seventh annual meeting of the National Municipal League, and the ninth conference for good city government, will be held at Rochester, N. Y., on May 3, 9, 10.

Tuesday, April 2.

Count Tolstoi, the noted political writer, has been banished from Russia.

St. Louis is threatened with another strike of street railway men.

Dr. Schleicher, the African traveller and geographer, is dead in Berlin.

For the first time in Havana's history, April begins without a single case of yellow fever.

Axel Douglass, a New York janitor, last night killed his wife and then shot himself. He will die.

The French training ship Duquay, with 300 French cadets, arrived at Annapolis to visit the naval academy.

George F. Baer, of Philadelphia, succeeds Mr. Harris as president of the Reading railroad and allied properties.

Tom L. Johnson, Dem., was elected mayor of Cleveland, John L. Hinkle, Dem., mayor of Columbus, and Mayor Jones was re-elected in Toledo. Republicans gained generally in Ohio's municipal contests.

Wednesday, April 3.

J. Pierpont Morgan sailed from New York for Europe today.

The bill to authorize the calling of a Tennessee constitutional convention was killed in the state legislature.

It is announced that Prince Louis Napoleon has arrived in Paris on a visit.

An earthquake at Cape Kaliakra, on the Black sea, March 31, destroyed the lighthouse there.

London's county council has decided to buy 25 acres of land on which to build workmen's houses to accommodate 42,300, at a cost of £150,000.

The bill appropriating \$100,000 for the construction of a hospital in the Adirondacks for the treatment of consumptives was favorably reported in the New York legislature.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Professor C. H. Eigenmann has discovered a new type of cave salamander, an active creature about four inches long, with protruding eyes and a tail longer than its body, speckled brown and yellow, and the peculiar formation of its feet enables it to climb vertical walls of glass and even move like a fly across the ceiling.

The fact that fish are slippery is accounted for in this way: The slimy coating protects them from the attacks of fungus, a form of plant life found in all waters. If a fish is uncovered by slime the fungus lodges there and grows until it kills the fish. The slime helps also to increase the speed of the fish through the water.

A magnificent marble sarcophagus has been unearthed at the village of Anbar, which is situated near the site of the ancient town of Iconium. The tomb is freely sculptured with flowers, animals and figures of exquisite workmanship, and is stated to be far superior to another similar one at present treasured in the Stamboul Museum. The period to which it belongs has not yet been determined. It weighs nearly thirty tons, and is to be conveyed to Stamboul as soon as suitable transportation facilities have been organized.

It has been found on study of 300 cases of loss of hair that baldness prevails with unmarried men—which is contrary to the general belief. The worries of the bachelor may be fewer, but they are more trying to the scalp than are the multitudinous cares of the man of family. Most bald people are found to lead indoor lives, and almost all of them belong to the intellectual class. Usually the loss of hair begins before the thirtieth year. In woman it usually constitutes a general thinning; in men it affects the top of the head. Diseases that affect the general nutrition of the body are likely to thin the hair.

During a violent thunderstorm in the north of England a flash of lightning struck a pasture field and plowed a trench varying from three feet to three feet six inches deep and about seven inches wide across the field for a distance of about twelve feet. The solid clay was scattered in all directions, one clod being hurled as much as sixty feet away from the spot. The turf was torn up as cleanly as if it had been removed by the aid of a sharp implement. One length of turf, measuring about six feet in length and nine inches in width, was cut up and thrown over a fence into another field.

A writer in the Medical Classics looked through a microscope at a closely shaved face, and he reports that the skin resembled a piece of raw beef: "To make the skin perfectly smooth requires," he says, "not only the removal of the hair, but also a portion of the cuticle, and a close shave means the removal of a layer of skin all around. The blood vessels thus exposed are not visible to the eye, but under the microscope each little quivering mouth, holding a minute blood drop, protests against such treatment. The nerve tips are also uncovered, and the pores are left unprotected, which makes the skin tender and unhealthy. This sudden exposure of the inner layer of the skin renders a person liable to have colds, hoarseness and sore throat."

Ice Scare For Hiccoughs.

A new remedy for persistent hiccoughing has been tried with success by the surgeons of the Pennsylvania Hospital. It involves the application of small pieces of ice to various parts of the body. Two permanent cures have recently been effected by this means.

Thomas Allen was exhausted from constant hiccoughing when he was taken to the hospital on Thursday night. The doctors tried ether and various other remedies without success. As a last resort they placed a piece of ice on Allen's abdomen when he did not expect it. The man was so frightened that he stopped hiccoughing at once. He left the hospital on Saturday.

Mildred Seibert was cured in the same way about two weeks ago. It is, in plain words, the old, old cure of "scaring the hiccough away." But the method is novel.—Philadelphia North American.

Irish Humor About British Soldiers.

There must have been at least one interval in the Authors' Club's recent dinner to Captain Hedworth Lambton of Ladysmith fame when every one was in a thoroughly good humor. Dr. Conan Doyle must have been moderately sure of it, too. Else he would never have dared to tell to his fellow Britishers there a story which he did, for its point has been touched on once or twice during this war with some acidity. This was the story:

An officer was giving his men a little lecture on the war and its lessons and asked:

"How do the Boers fight?"

"Behind the rocks, sir," a soldier replied.

"And how do the English fight?"

"Behind the Irish, sir."

Mrs. Mary Wardell has retired as organist of the Greenwood Baptist church, Brooklyn, after serving continuously for thirty years. Mrs. Wardell retires that she may have more time to devote to temperance work.

The first great fire in an American city occurred at Boston, August 8, 1774. By this conflagration 150 buildings were destroyed, the loss amounting to over two hundred thousand pounds sterling.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/2 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

In the canary breeding establishments of Germany only the male birds are valued, for the females never sing. The method of training the birds to sing is to put them in a room where there is an automatic whistle, which they will strive to imitate. The breeder listens to the efforts of the birds, and picks out the most apt pupils, which are then placed in another room for further instructions.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/2 the price of coffee. 15 and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Few people may be cognizant of the fact that there is in existence an act of the British Parliament which provides that persons who fail to attend divine services on Sunday shall be liable to imprisonment or fine. The statute dates from the period of the protectorate, but that it is rarely enforced is proved only too conclusively by the sparse attendances which take place at so many public places of worship.

Thirty minutes is the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

Great Britain is shipping firewood from Victoria, Australia, for the use of her troops in China.

An American bank has been organized in Rotterdam, Holland.

\$100 Reward. \$190.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHERRY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

One authority on botany estimates that over 50,000 species of plants are now known and classified.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The date of the Johnstown flood was May 31, 1889.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENGLISH, Vancouver, Ind., Feb. 19, 1900.

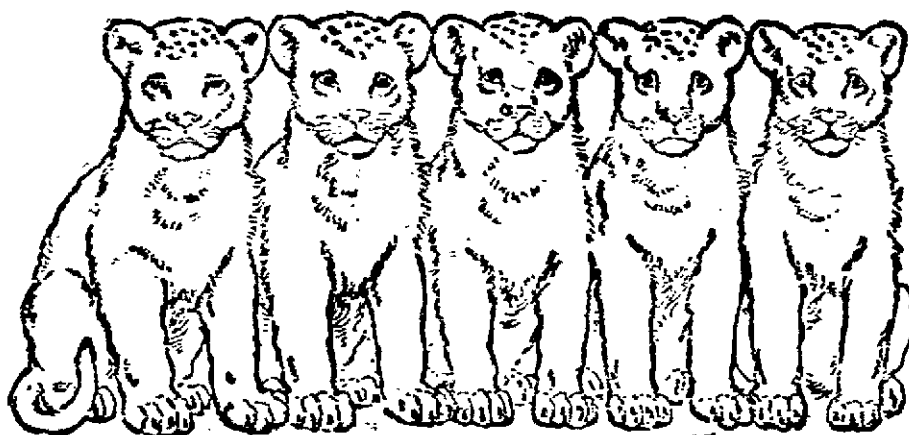
A century ago \$20 had as much purchasing power in Paris as \$50 has to-day.

Read Prof. S. A. WELTMER'S advertisement in this paper. It should be of interest to you.

In South Australia there are only eighty-five women for every 100 men.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!



Watch our next advertisement.

All Alike!

LION COFFEE

is always the same. One package is just like another. It is uniform in every respect.

IT NEVER VARIES.

If you like one package you will like all

LION COFFEE

LION COFFEE is not glazed or coated with egg mixtures and chemicals, but is an absolutely pure coffee, full of strength and flavor.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Queer Russian Sect.

Siberia is the birthplace of a new religious sect, the members of which style themselves "Slaves of Christ." They teach that the earth is flat and stands on three whales and that in the middle of the ocean there is a gigantic chandelier which crowns at sunrise. Railways, telegraphs and telephones are attributed to anti-Christ.

Care of the Baby.

To keep the skin clean is to keep it healthy; every mother should therefore see that her baby is given a daily bath in warm water with Ivory Soap. The nursery should also be well aired and cleaned, and all clothing washed with Ivory Soap, well rinsed and dried in the sun.

ELIZA B. PARKER.

When a Chinaman is very swagger he becomes possessor of a cheap American clock. These alarm clocks have found their way into every city and town in the empire. There is nothing the Celestial is so proud of as his alarm clock. If you take up a dozen photographs of Chinese you will see that they always have the little clock on the table at their elbow.

For Good Health.

Gerfield Headache Powders keep one well, for they relieve nervousness, headaches, fatigue and the "every-day" ills: they are made from Herbs; they cannot burn.

The area of Venezuela is larger than all Europe, leaving out Russia.

WET WEATHER WISDOM!

THE ORIGINAL TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER. BLACK OR YELLOW. WILL KEEP YOU DRY. NOTHING ELSE WILL TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES. CATALOGUES FREE. SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS. A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS.

URINOPATHY. Is the new science of detecting and curing diseases from a CHEMICAL and MICROSCOPICAL analysis of the urine. Send 4 cents for mailing case and bottle for urine. Book free. Consultation free. Fees reasonable. Medicines furnished. Address J. F. SHAFFER, M. D., 42 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

"SALZER'S SEEDS"

WILL MAKE YOU RICH! This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time. Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing. Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest pasture of the age. 12 tons of hay per acre. First crops six weeks after sowing. What Is It? Catalogue tells. FOR 10c STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples for seedling, also 10c Seed (80 lbs. per A.) Case, 25c Seed (40 lbs. per A.) Case. Salzer, (123 buyers) Peas, etc. Worth \$10. to get a list. John A. Salzer Seed Co., Le-Cass, Mo.

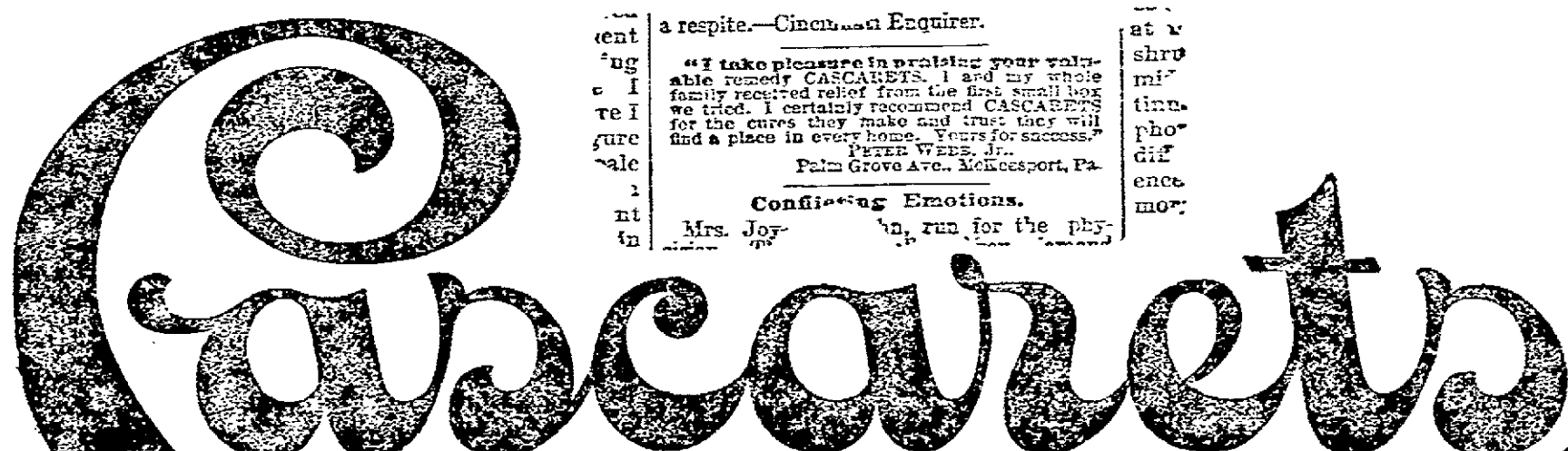
RESCUE

From SICKNESS and SUFFERING. WELTMERISM, the drugless science of healing originated, practiced and taught by Prof. S. A. WELTMER, has rescued more hopeless cases than any other known method. All who desire Health and Happiness or a Paying Profession should write at once for special offer and a free copy of "WELTMERISM," fully illustrated. Address PROF. S. A. WELTMER, 205 S. 4th St., Nevada, Mo.

For the Family

All ages hail with delight the coming of the most wonderful, meritorious preparation that will lighten the ills of humanity and will do away with the taking of obnoxious, violent purges, inconvenient liquids, and pills that tear your life out. Simply because in CASCARETS Candy Cathartic you will find just what you want, convenient in form, pleasant of taste (just like candy) and of never-failing remedial action. They have found a place in millions of homes, and are the favorite medicine of the whole family, from baby to good old grandpa.

Don't be fooled with substitutes for CASCARETS!



BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THIS IS THE TABLET

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, flatulency, pains after eating, liver trouble, yellow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice! Start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

a respite.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"I take pleasure in praising your valuable remedy CASCARETS. I and my whole family received relief from the first small box we tried. I certainly recommend CASCARETS for the cures they make and trust they will find a place in every home. Yours for success." FRED WELLS, JR., Palm Grove Ave., McKeesport, Pa.

Confessing Emotions.

Mrs. Joy, "I am run for the phy-

at v shro mi tim pho diz ence mot

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Add: STRAINE LAMBERT CO., New York & Chicago.

UNDER THE SNOW.

Chastly Truths Revealed on the Disappearance of Winter's White Mantle.

Deadly dangers lurk in the ground left bare by the departing snow. All Winter long there have been accumulating deadly disease germs. These have been protected and kept alive by the covering of snow and now, with the first warm days, these death-bringing microbes are awakened by the rays of the sun, and as the ground dries they are carried to all corners of the community in the dust that is blown everywhere by the Spring winds.

The human body at this time is particularly susceptible to these germs, especially the germs of fevers. The system has been depleted by the foregoing Winter. The blood is sluggish and filled with impurities. The nerves have not recovered from the tension they have been under for the past months. The stomach, the bowels, the kidneys, the liver are all at their worst.

It is, therefore, not strange that these germs of disease find fertile ground in which to thrive, flourish and develop into deadly ills.

Spring is the time of year when one should fear an attack of fever, especially when the system is depleted. One should dread any severe illness. The vitality is at a low ebb. There is less power of resistance to throw off disease, and it is on this account that fatalities are so much greater during the Spring months than at any other time of the year.

There is but one way to ward off such dangers, and that is to fortify

the human body so that it will become impregnable to the germs of invading disease.

To do this take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build you up quickly, it will re-establish your wanting appetite, it will give you restful nights of sleep, it will give vim and vigor to the nerves, and it will dispel all existing poisons that have accumulated in the body besides counteracting the effects of others that may accumulate.

Following is an instance that will illustrate the wonderful power of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

Sheriff Jonas T. Stevens, who is sheriff of Hyde Park, Vt., says:—"I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy especially as a blood purifier. I had a very severe humor on my arms, accompanied by a very bad itching, so severe that I could not sleep nights, causing me great inconvenience by the loss of sleep by the itching. A friend advised me to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which I did with the most satisfactory results, for the trouble has entirely disappeared, and I can now rest comfortably nights and have none of my former misery from the burning, itching sensations."

Remember Dr. Greene's advice will be given to any one desiring same absolutely free if they will write or call upon him at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City.

JAPANESE BABIES.

They Got Good Doses of Nature and Thrive Well.

According to our modern scientific ideas as to the careful treatment of babies, those of Japan would seem to have a hard time, and yet there are no healthier, nor fatter looking little mortals on the face of the earth. We insist on a fixed temperature, on sterilized milk, on all sorts of improved things, while the Japanese baby gets a good dose of nature, and seems to thrive on it. It is dressed and undressed in a frigid temperature in winter, and in summer its tender little eyes are always exposed to the full glare of the sun, as it is carried on its mother's back. It is to be feared, however, that this latter treatment often does affect the eyes of the children though they get over it later in life. At Nagasaki, amongst the women coalers who coal the ship, you may see many with babies on their backs. The mothers work all day in the rain, or in the sun, or the snow, and there baby sleeps, indifferent to everything, the top of its head alone visible, while the movements of the mother do not seem in the least hindered, and she accomplishes as much work as the men. It seems as if the babies of this class were born stoics!—Anna Northend Benjamin in San Francisco Bulletin.

THE TRUEST HERO.

He Is the Man Who Knows Fear and Fights Against It.

"It is so easy to mistake bravado for bravery and recklessness for courage," says Richard Harding Davis in Everybody's Magazine, "and it is always necessary to discriminate sharply between the man who 'does not know fear' and the man who knows it in all its sickening horror, and who fights against it and persists in his duty. People always speak of the man 'who does not know what fear is' as though the fact were something greatly to his credit. Instead of which, of course, it is something for which he is only to be envied, and for which he should be most grateful. A man who smokes a lighted cigar over a powder magazine if he does not know it is a powder magazine performs no surprising feat, and praises bravery which comes from ignorance of fear is like applauding a man because he is not ill at sea. The ship's steward, who is so sick that he cannot hold up his head, but who forces himself to perform his duties, is a better man than the steward with the cast-iron stomach who laughs at him. The latter is in the same class with the hero 'who does not know fear.'"

A Students' Initiation Party.

A wild-eyed resident of Iowa City dashed into police headquarters there the other evening and announced that a lot of grave robbers were at work in the church yard. Several officers started for the scene and there, sure enough, were a number of figures grouped around one of the largest monuments. The sleuths crept forward and were just about to spring on the supposed grave despoilers when they discovered that it was a party of university students initiating a freshman into the mysteries of a college order.

Our grandmothers never played golf, but they had their tea caddies.

Dyspepsia is the bane of the human system. Try yourself against its ravages by the use of Beecham's Pepsin Gum.

The trend of invention is toward processes that cheapen production.



Final

There is an end to acute suffering when

St. Jacobs Oil

promptly cures

Sciatica

Our Faulty Political System.

We have found that even among ourselves our historic methods are not universally convenient or serviceable, says Prof. Woodrow Wilson in the March Atlantic. They give us untrained officials, and an expert civil service is almost unknown among us. They give us petty officials, petty men of no ambition, without hope or fitness for advancement. They give us so many elective officers that even the most conscientious voters have neither the time nor the opportunity to inform themselves with regard to every candidate on their ballots, and must vote for a great many men of whom they know nothing. They give us, consequently, the local machine and the local boss; and where population crowds interests compete, work moves strenuously and at haste, life is many-sided and without unity, and voters of every blood and environment and social derivation mix and stare at each other at the same voting places, government miscarries, is confused, irresponsible, unintelligent, wasteful and of sinister aspect.

Methods of electoral choice and administrative organization which served us admirably well while the Nation was homogeneous and rural serve us oftentimes ill enough now that the Nation is heterogeneous and crowded into cities.

Foreigners Own No Land in Shanghai.

The government of Shanghai itself, as a municipality, is as oddly complicated and as full of apparent contradictions as the prerogatives and jurisdiction of the consular court. The foreign settlement is built upon lands held, under treaty, by a perpetual lease from the Imperial Government; not one foot of it is actually owned by the foreign residents. The holdings of Western Powers in China, with the exception of the Russians at Port Arthur, are precisely of the same nature; the land upon which they have built barracks, residences and warehouses has all been granted subject to the same condition, each and all paying a perpetual and stipulated tax to the Imperial Government.—Chautauquan.

The world's stock of paper money is now \$960,000,000, equal to the existing stock of gold coin.

HER IDEAL.

She wouldn't marry one who smoked,
She wouldn't wed with one who swore;
She wouldn't have a man whose heart
Had ever leaped for love before.

She wouldn't marry one whose height
Was less than five feet nine or ten;
The man who came to win her heart
Must have command o'er other men!

The man that she was looking for
Came by, one day, and claimed her hand—
She spent her honeymoon in tears;
The fellow swore to beat the band.

—Chicago Times-Herald

PITH AND POINT.

Blotbs—"Has she given you any encouragement?" Stobbs—"Well, she asked me if I liked sugar and cream in my coffee."

"That's right, my boy, I am glad you have thrashed the miller's son. But what had he done to you?" "He said I looked like you, father."—Tit-Bits.

Engagements never should be long.
Ye swains who go to court
Take heed! The long engagement's song—
It keeps a fellow short.

—Philadelphia Press.

"I shall make a fortune out of my new musical box. You put a penny in the slot and—" "And the thing plays a popular air?" "No, it stops playing one."—Tit-Bits.

"I hear a lot of the rich young men in town have organized a suicide club." "Yes. They're killing themselves with late hours and high living."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Men are examples; hurrying through
This world because they've got to.
A very few show what to do.
But more show us what not to.

—Washington Star.

"Come, children," said Mr. Widwer, introducing the second Mrs. Widwer, "come and kiss your new mamma." "Gracious!" exclaimed little Elsie, "if you took her for 'new' they stuck you up."—Philadelphia Press.

"Is it a fact that Mrs. Van Upanap's ball was a larger affair than Mrs. De Paster-Stone's?" "Oh, decidedly! Mrs. Van Upanap had fully 3000 detectives at her ball, whereas Mrs. De Paster-Stone had but a scant 2500."—Detroit Free Press.

"Well, Boras," said Naggus, the eminent literary critic, "I see you began the new century right." "How's that?" asked Boras, the struggling author. "I don't understand." "You didn't write any poem about it."—Chicago Tribune.

"And I want to say 'To my husband,' in an appropriate place," said the widow, in conclusion, to Slab, the gravestone man. "Yessum," said Slab. And the inscription went on: "To my husband. In an appropriate place."—Tit-Bits.

"I don't know who first said figures couldn't lie," said the young woman, "but I would bet any old sum that the person was a man." Then, for the fourth time, she tried to make her personal account book balance.—Indianapolis Press.

"Can't you afford to wear better clothes than those?" asked the sympathetic woman of the street beggar, as she eyed his tattered garments. "No, ma'am, I really can't," was the mendicant's reply; "these rags is what I beg in."—Yonkers Statesman.

Sick Man—"Is this the Western Sanitarium?" New Girl (mystified)—"This is Dr. Blank's house." "Yes, but doesn't he take sick persons to nurse sometimes?" "Oh! Maybe he does. There's two or three skeletons in the back office."—Christian Register.

Mistress—"Remember, Bridget, we want dinner served promptly at 6. What time is it now?" Bridget—"Tis 3 o'clock, jest." Mistress—"Well, you'd better begin to make the frozen custard for dessert in that five-minute ice-cream freezer."—Philadelphia Press.

First White Born in Chicago.

Alexander Beaubien, the first white person born in Chicago, has just celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday. At the time of his birth there were only a few log houses near the mouth of the Chicago River. He witnessed the building of the first frame house in Chicago, the growth of the manufacturing, business and residence districts, and children of the Pottawatomies, Winnebagoes and Sac were his playmates. His father at that time represented John Jacob Astor's fur company, and their home was always crowded with the pelts of different animals received from the Indians in trade.

Merchandise Imported by England.

The weight of merchandise annually imported by Great Britain has multiplied five-fold in forty years, averaging at present more than one ton yearly for each inhabitant. More than half the food supply of the United Kingdom is drawn from other countries at an annual cost of \$25 per inhabitant. The average price of imported food is \$60.83 per ton. The importance of metals and minerals has grown eleven-fold in thirty years, and the export of hardware has doubled in value.

Would Be an Unjust Law.

A law has been proposed in the Minnesota Legislature forbidding a woman to marry after she is forty-five years old, under penalty of \$1000 fine. Isn't this an unjust discrimination against the poor? It is the woman without the \$1000 who most needs a husband to care for her.—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Mrs. Pinkham Saved me from an Operation.



Hospitals in our great cities are sad places to visit. Three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls.

Why should this be the case? Because they have neglected themselves. Every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back. All of these things are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb.

What a terrifying thought! these poor souls are lying there on those hospital beds awaiting a fearful operation. Do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an examination and possible operation. Build up the female system, cure the derangements which have signified themselves by danger signals, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from the hospital. Read the letter here published with the full consent of the writer, and see how she escaped the knife by a faithful reliance on Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the consistent treatment of her medicines.

Mrs. Knapp tells of her Great Gratitude.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have received much benefit from using your Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash. After my child was born, blood poison set in, which left me with granulated inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I had suffered from suppressed and painful menstruation from a girl. The doctors told me the ovaries would have to be removed. I took treatment two years to escape an operation, but still remained in miserable health in both body and mind, expecting to part with my reason with each coming month. After using one bottle of the Compound, I became entirely rid of the trouble in my head. I continued to use your remedies until cured.

"The last nine months have been passed in perfect good health. This, I know, I owe entirely to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"My gratitude is great indeed to the one to whom so many women owe their health and happiness."—Mrs. F. M. KNAPP, 1528 Kinnick Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

\$5000 REWARD

Offered to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S MEDICINE CO.



MRS. F. M. KNAPP

Kinnick Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE

is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 50 years. It is a safe medicine to use. It has never been known to fail. Letters like the above are constantly being received from all parts of the country. Frey's Vermifuge is a fine tonic for children. Do not take a substitute. If your child is not kept in good health, send three cents in stamps to E. C. Frey, Baltimore, Md., and receive a bottle of Frey's Vermifuge.

Of all the foreigners coming to this country none make better citizens than the Finns. Of the 6,753 who came over last year only 17 were refused admittance, only 62 were unable to read and write and only 14 were said to be in danger of becoming public charges.

Among the 2,754 students at the University of Edinburgh last year there were 252 women and 108 students were from India.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Submarine boats and torpedoes for use in warfare do not seem to be held in favor by M. de Lanessan, the French Minister of Marine, in spite of the generally supposed prediction of the French for such measure of harbor defense. M. de Lanessan is quoted as saying that neither submarine boat nor torpedo is of great value in war, owing to their limited range of action.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once. Delays are dangerous.

A recruiting officer who has been in Iowa says that the percentage of men accepted in that State on offering themselves for army service is considerably above the average in any other State. Enlistments in Iowa are largely from the farms, and the vast majority of young fellows who offer themselves are young, strong and hardy.

When feeling tired, discouraged and generally "used-up," take Garfield Headache Powders; they are made from Herbs and are genuinely good. Send to Garfield Tea Company, Brooklyn, N. Y., for free samples.

The output of coal in Washington State for 1900 was about 2,200,000 tons.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

We make a specialty of mince meat—employ the best skill—use the best materials.

We stake our fame on it. We use it to advertise the many other good things that we make.

LIBBY'S MINCE MEAT

A package makes two large pies. Your grocer will furnish it if you ask him. You will find it better than home-made—better than any mince meat you ever tasted. You'll eat Libby's foods thereafter.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Our book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," sent free.

CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

P. N. U. 11, 1901.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

County Committee Meeting.

The Democratic County Committee met at the Globe Hotel, Gettysburg, Saturday morning, but the attendance was unusually small, there being only about 20 members present.

On motion of John T. McIntire, Chas. S. Duncan, Esq., was chosen chairman. Delegates to the State Convention were chosen as follows: Harry M. Keller, J. T. McIntire, Clayton Pottoff and Chas. H. Richter.

Chairman Duncan appointed the following committee on resolutions: J. T. McIntire, Wm. Harman, George Topper, Wm. F. Meckley and David Thomas.

Mr. McIntire then informally read a resolution to the effect that the Crawford County system of holding primaries with modification be adopted in this county.

At the afternoon session the following resolutions were presented and adopted:

Resolved, That we condemn the action of M. A. Garvin in the Legislature now in session in voting for Marshal for Speaker of the House, and in not going into the Democratic Caucus held in reference to the selection of Speaker and abiding by the result of that Caucus, and for not voting with the majority of his party and as a violation of his promises and declarations prior to his election.

Resolved, That the Democratic office holders of our county, who, when elected, found the County Institutions neglected and suffering from the mismanagement of the past Republican officials, should be congratulated upon their good management of the same in having increased the efficiency of those Institutions by close and careful attention to all their needs.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the committeemen assembled that the Crawford County System of holding Primaries meets the approval of this Committee; that it will bring about such conditions as to insure Democratic success in the county. We recommend to the consideration of the County Convention the Crawford County System with such alterations as it may see fit to make.

Resolved, That we deprecate the want of Harmony that exists between the factions of our party in this county and call on all Democrats to lay aside personal prejudices and animosities and unite to serve the best interests of the Democratic party.

The date of the County Convention was fixed for Monday, Sept. 2nd.

Wesley Oyler, of Gettysburg, was elected Secretary. On motion the Chairman is hereafter to be custodian of the party funds, this action virtually doing away with the office of Treasurer.

Court Items.

Authority granted Wm. C. Storick, guardian of Chester A. Leas, to join with heirs of I. F. Brinkerhoff, dec'd, to convey farm to Walter Leas.

Authority granted David Schwartz, guardian of Emory Plank, to sell said minor's one-fourth interest in tract of land to J. Wm. Keefeauver.

Permission granted Jane Topper, administratrix of Vincent Topper, to bid on real estate of said decedent.

Authority granted Israel Saum, guardian of Buelah Fuat, to buy sewing machine for ward.

Inventory of property retained by Maria Sourbeer, widow of Frederick Sourbeer, dec'd, approved.

Authority granted J. L. Kandlehart, guardian of I. A. Trostle, to invest funds at 5 per cent. and use funds for use of ward.

Acceptance of Henry A. Wolf of real estate under will of Melchoir Wolf filed.

Geo. H. Trostle appointed trustee of funds in estate of Hannah A. Meals, deceased.

Rule awarded on R. H. Currens, trustee of Jacob I. Hereter, to show cause why an attachment should not issue.

Charles Baker appointed guardian of Margie Rights; Samuel Baker of Claude E. Rights; A. L. King of Mary E., R. Emory and Harry C. Rights.

Examinations.

The central examinations were held throughout the county on Saturday. Fifty-eight pupils passed and will appear at the final examination to be held in Gettysburg Saturday in Meade school building. The committee in charge of the final examination will be W. L. Hoff, Chas. Allen Yohe, Miss Bernardina Corrigan, J. A. Slothower, M. N. Wehler, Daniel Ruff, J. D. Hunter, Miss Helen L. Cope, I. L. Taylor, C. A. Landis and County Superintendent H. M. Roth. For the first time in the history of the course of study in this county two pupils will take the examination for the 10-year course.

The large barn on the farm of the late Peter Magin, near Bloom, Carroll county, was destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. Two mules, two cows, farming implements, hay and straw were burned with the building. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Unclaimed Letters.

Letters remaining unclaimed in the New Oxford Post Office April 1st, 1901.

Miss Jessie Miller, Miss George Miller.

Persons calling for the above should state that they were advertised.

W. H. EMMERT, P. M.

We Can Save You Money.

On Carpets, Oil Cloths,

—Tickings, Feathers and all kinds of—

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

We give you premiums on Cash purchases, such as Mirrors, Pictures, Silverware, Rockers or anything you want.

:-G. B. NACE & SON.:-

Next Door to Saving Fund Society.

HANOVER, PA.

Highest prices paid for Good Carpet Rags.

NEW MILLINERY STORE!

Philadelphia Street,
New Oxford, Penn'a.

Mrs. H. E. Lough

Will open a New Millinery Store

THURSDAY, APRIL 4th, 1901,

at her residence on Philadelphia Street, (tenth house from Center Square), and will be pleased to have the ladies of New Oxford and vicinity to call and see my

New and Up-to-date
Headwear, &c., &c.,

before buying elsewhere. I have just returned from the City with an entire stock of

New and Clean Goods.

Come to see me for Stylish Spring Millinery. Prices to suit all. I have been trimming for the leading milliners in New Oxford and Spring Grove for the past eight seasons, and will be pleased to see my friends and customers of the past.

Respectfully,

MRS. H. E. LOUGH.

1847. ^ 54 YEARS IN BUSINESS. ^ 1901.

We take pleasure in announcing the arrival of our

SPRING CLOTHING
for MEN, BOYS & CHILDREN

Our Specialties. Plain and Russian Blouses Norfolk and Vestee Suits for Children.

LEHMEYER & BRO.

...THE OLD RELIABLE...

5 EAST MARKET ST., YORK, PA.

Tobacco Farmers

Special Notice!

We have Secured Nearly 10,000 Yards

Yard Wide, Extra Good Tobacco Muslin which we will sell 'till closed out at

2½c, 3c, and 4c a Yard.

A RARE CHANCE.

6,000 yards of this Muslin, yard wide and 6c goods, is slightly damaged on the ends by fire, smoke and water, was bought by us at Half Price, and its yours 'till sold for just Half Price—namely

3c a Yard.

Bear's Department Store, - York.

BIBLES.

Any one wishing to procure a Bible or Testament—most any style, can get the same by calling at Wehler's Drug Store where they have been placed on sale.

Rev. F. Hesse.

To Cure a Cold In One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grov's signature is on each box. 25c.

G. W. WEAVER & SON.

G. W. WEAVER & SON.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

The Last Call on Ladies' Jackets and Capes.

About 50 Jackets.

... of This Season's Cut and Style.

These are in Black, Tans and Royal Navy—the regular price ranging from \$3.90 to \$14.00,

Price Cut in Two.

1-2 Price.

1-2 Price.

Misses & Children's Jackets.

Price Cut in Two

1-2 Price.

About 50 Cloth, ... Golf and Plush Capes.

—All of this season's cut—
Price Cut in Two.

1-2 Price.

1-2 Price.

About 10 Tab Collorettes, good quality, were \$8.00 to \$14.00.

Price Cut in Two

To Avoid a Disappointment—Come Soon.

The Leaders

G. W. Weaver & Son.

NEW OXFORD
Bargain Grocery Store.

POTATOES and CABBAGE.

We have on hand at all times several hundred bushels of Potatoes to sell at bottom prices. Will also have at all times a lot of Cabbage.

Apples by the barrel. Oranges by the box. Peanuts by the bushel or sack.—All at Wholesale Prices.

Don't forget about Merry War Lye, 4 boxes for 25c, good as any others at 3 for 25c.

Will receive another car load of Fine Michigan Potatoes on Monday, 8th,—the last of the season.

Specials For This Week:

Dark Brown Sugar—7 lbs for 25 cents.
Light Brown Sugar at 5c.
Coffee 4c lb. up. Dates 5c lb.
Extra nice Peaches at 9c.—3 lbs. for 25 cts.
Prunes 5c. per lb. SAUER KRAUT 6c per quart.

Remember this is the place to buy Tin, Granite and Chinaware cheap.

GOODS DELIVERED TO YOUR DOOR.

Bring along your Eggs, Lard, Cured Meats, Chickens, Calves, &c., I have a retail route in the city for ALL COUNTRY PRODUCE and therefore can pay the highest price in trade. If you can't take all in trade I will pay the difference in cash at highest cash price.

E. E. FREED,

(Successor to C. E. Diehl,) Carlisle St., NEW OXFORD, PA.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Caroline Bievenour, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted thereto to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

2-23-01

JOSEPH L. BIEVENOUR, Administrator

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of David Bievenour, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, residing in same township, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted thereto to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

2-23-01

JOSEPH L. BIEVENOUR, Administrator

A MANILA SENSATION.

Alleged Wholesale Frauds in the Commissary Department.

MANY PERSONS UNDER ARREST.

Among the suspects is the Quartermaster of the Department of Southern Luzon, seven commissary sergeants and a contractor.

Manila, April 1.—Interest in the capture and fate of Aguinaldo is well nigh overshadowed in Manila by sensational developments, present and prospective, of frauds in the commissary department. How widely these extend has not yet been ascertained, but enough is already known to justify the belief that they are far reaching.

Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, of the Thirtieth volunteer infantry, quartermaster of the department of southern Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor, the assistant manager of the Hotel Oriente, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manila, a number of storekeepers and other persons have been arrested.

The investigation has scarcely begun, but thousands of sacks of flour, a quantity of bacon and wagonloads of other goods, all bearing government marks, have been found in the possession of unauthorized persons.

It is alleged that the contractor in question, who has been doing a business approximating \$100,000 per month, has spent huge sums in entertaining officers.

A prominent commissary officer is accused of leading a scandalously immoral life.

It is asserted that large quantities of stores have been lost or stolen in transit, and also that there is a shortage in the commissary depot.

New scandals are developed daily. Illicit transactions have been traced back to June, 1900, and it is possible that there are others of earlier date.

The exorbitant tariff on provisions makes the surreptitious sale of commissary supplies immensely profitable. It is understood that other United States officers may be arrested.

Lieut. Philip K. Sweet, of the Forty-sixth volunteer infantry, is prosecuting the investigation, under the direction of Col. Wilder, chief of police.

Aguinaldo continues to express himself as pleased with and impressed by the courteous treatment accorded him by Gen. MacArthur. "I am a prisoner," said he today, "but I am treated like a guest."

Aguinaldo speaks only a few words of English. He is conscious of his dignity, but tries to talk pleasantly with his guards. He often praises the skill and audacity of Gen. Funston in effecting his capture.

Corbin Thinks Reports Exaggerated.

Washington, April 1.—It was said at both the White House and war department today that absolutely nothing had been received by the government regarding the alleged unearthing of crooked work on the part of the army quartermasters and others in Luzon. Gen. Corbin was inclined to think the frauds could hardly be so serious as reported.

Fell From Mountain Cliff to Death.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., April 1.—Late yesterday afternoon Mrs. Daniel Patterson, wife of a mechanic, her 12-year-old daughter and Nellie Chase, aged 14, all living in Cold Spring, went for a walk. They stopped on Table Rock, half way up Breakneck mountain, to watch the forest fires burning on Crow Nest mountain, across the river. Suddenly the Patterson child slipped and fell over the cliff. The mother sprang forward to save the child and also fell over the rock. Nellie Chase became greatly excited, and she too fell after them. Nellie fell in the branches of a large tree and was uninjured. The Patterson girl had a broken arm and a cut and bruised body. Mrs. Patterson was found further down the mountain dead. She had fallen at least 100 feet.

Attempted a Terrible Revenge.

New York, April 1.—James Frank, an Italian, was arrested last night and charged with arson. The prisoner declares himself to be guiltless. Frank has been employed on the city dumps. He was discharged for quarreling, and is said to have threatened a terrible vengeance on his fellow workmen. These are nearly all Italians, who live in a row of "shacks" on the river front and dumps. Frank's alleged plan to get even encompassed a plot to soak the "shacks" and pier with kerosene and, applying a torch, roast his former fellow workers alive. Two men declare they saw Frank, at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, steal up to the shacks and pour kerosene on them. They gave the alarm and he escaped.

Silk Workers' Strike Still On.

Scranton, Pa., April 1.—There was a halt in the negotiations of settlement of the silk strike Saturday, when the Sauquoit silk workers, by an almost unanimous vote, decided to reject the offer made by Superintendent Davis. Mr. Davis told them that he would give no increase and they must return to work under the old scale.

Three Killed in Mine Explosion.

Gallup, N. M., April 1.—There were only three men in the Weaver mine at the time of the explosion Saturday. It was thought that a number of Japanese were entombed, but this seems to have been a mistake. The three men, two whites and one negro, were killed and the works of the mine were destroyed.

HIS LONG LIFE NEARLY ENDED.

Noah Raby Unable to Celebrate His 129th Birthday.

New Brunswick, N. J., April 1.—For the last 36 years Noah Raby has celebrated his birthdays in the poorhouse near here. Today he reached the age of 129. On his previous birthdays at the institution he has held a reception, many people coming to see him, but this year his extreme feebleness has made it necessary to forbid anything of the kind. The old man, while having no noticeable symptoms of disease, is so weak that it is believed he has not many days to live, and it is feared the excitement of seeing visitors would have an unfavorable result. He sleeps almost continuously, and his waking periods are growing shorter.

Raby says that he was born in North Carolina on April 1, 1772. He recalls the fact that George III was king and remembers to have heard Gen. George Washington make an address at Yorktown about the year 1790. About the beginning of the last century he joined the United States navy, in which he remained until the breaking out of the second war with England, when he went back to North Carolina, but the girl whom he expected to marry proving fickle he left that part of the country and came to New Jersey. He settled in Piscataway township, and has continued to live there ever since. He has never married, and has neither kith nor kin in this part of the country. He is totally blind.

GAVE LIFE FOR SAILOR.

Heroic Death of Lieutenant Commander Roper, of Gunboat Petrel.

Cavite, April 1.—At 7 o'clock yesterday morning fire was discovered in the sail room of the United States gunboat Petrel, Lieutenant Commander Jesse Mms Roper commanding. The sail room is a small compartment adjoining the magazine. The heat was intense, the smoke suffocating and the flames difficult to extinguish. Lieutenant Commander Roper was the first to descend into the hold, but he was forced to return to deck. He again went down. Seaman Patrick Toner was prostrated and about to perish when the lieutenant commander endeavored to rescue him and was suffocated in the attempt. Lieut. McKean and Cadet Lewis suffered severely in bringing the body of Lieutenant Commander Roper to the deck.

Twenty-two of the crew were prostrated, Toner, Evans, Flaherty, Larsen, Kessler, Capey, Burton, Smith, Sullivan and Forsbom seriously, but all will recover. The contents of the sail room were destroyed, but the damage to the gunboat was slight. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained. Possibly it was a case of spontaneous combustion. The body of the dead officer will be sent to the United States April 5 by the Buffalo.

DEATH OF "SQUIRE" McMULLEN.

For Many Years a Leader in Philadelphia Politics.

Philadelphia, April 1.—"Squire" William McMullen, a local Democratic politician, who has for more than 40 years been an interesting character in this city, and whose name has become familiar in many sections of the country within the last three decades, died yesterday from a complication of diseases. He was 77 years of age. "Squire" McMullen was born and lived all his life in the Fourth ward of this city. He was the leader of the ward for many years and wielded an influence therein that mystified his opponents. His career was a strenuous one, and several times he escaped death by knife thrust or pistol shot. He participated in all Democratic state and national conventions held since 1869. He was a great admirer of and worker for the late ex-Speaker Samuel J. Randall, and a remarkably strong bond of friendship existed between them. Mr. McMullen held a seat in city councils for more than a score of years, and was a member of select council at the time of his death. He served in both the Mexican and civil wars.

THE LOGAN STATUE UNVEILING.

Arrangements Perfected For Ceremony on Tuesday of Next Week.

Washington, April 1.—Arrangements for the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue of Gen. John A. Logan in Iowa Circle April 9 have been completed by Col. Theodore A. Bingham, superintendent of public buildings and grounds. On account of the few regular troops available for use in connection with the unveiling ceremonies only a provisional regiment of the District National Guards, under Col. M. Emmet Urell, a light battery of artillery and two companies of marines will participate. Gen. Granville S. Dodge, the presiding officer, will open the exercises, after which Rev. Frank W. Bristol, of the Metropolitan M. E. church, will deliver the invocation. This will be followed by the presentation of the sculptor, Mr. Franklin Simmons, and the unveiling of the statue by Master John Tucker, a grandson. President McKinley will make a short address, after which Senator Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, will deliver the oration. Benediction will bring the ceremonies to a close. Many veteran organizations will take part in the ceremonies, and it is expected delegations will be present from the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, the Army of the Cumberland and the Loyal Legion.

African Chief's Forty Wives Killed.

Paris, April 1.—In connection with the defeat of the native chief Fodey Kabba, by the French at Mandina, West Africa, on Saturday last, it is announced that an explosion of the chief's powder magazine killed his 40 wives.

THE WARLIKE JAPANESE

Belief That China Will Ratify Manchurian Convention

WOULD PRECIPITATE A CONFLICT

Prominent Japanese Statesmen All Agree That the Nation Must Fight If Her Rival Is Given Undue Advantage Over Other Nations.

London, April 1.—"There is reason to believe," says the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Mail, "that the Manchurian convention between Russia and China will be ratified in April."

The Yokohama correspondent of The Daily Mail, who records various indications of preparations for war on the part of Japan, says: "Interviews have appeared with prominent statesmen, all breathing the war spirit and expressing the general opinion that it is impossible to allow Russia a free hand in Manchuria. This is the gravest crisis from the point of view of Japan since her war with China."

"Japan has made direct representations to St. Petersburg against the Manchurian convention," says a dispatch to The Times from Tokio, dated Saturday, "but the result is not yet known. Japanese public opinion is very strong on the subject. The cabinet is prudent and pacific, but impressed by the national enthusiasm, which is certain to become uncontrollable if there is any undue yielding."

"The result of the issue of the first installment of the Seoul-Fusan railway loan testifies to the extent of the patriotic enthusiasm. The amount was covered many times over with subscriptions from remote rural districts, in spite of the extreme tightness of the money market."

According to a dispatch from St. Petersburg to The Daily Mail the Koreans at Sa-Man, a frontier town, recently repulsed an attack by 200 armed Chinese.

A Thirty Million Dollar Syndicate.

San Francisco, April 1.—The Call says: A \$30,000,000 syndicate deal is pending in San Francisco, and with its successful consummation the entire fishing and packing industry on the Pacific coast will be controlled by one big operation. The principal shareholders in the syndicate, should the deal be closed, include J. Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont, W. Seligman, J. Seligman and the presidents of several large banking houses in New York city. Among the companies that will be absorbed should the deal go through will be the Pacific-American Fisheries company, of which John Cudahy, of Chicago, is the president, and the Pacific Steam Whaling company, of which Senator George C. Perkins, of California, is the head.

Death of Actor Roland Reed.

New York, April 1.—Roland Reed, the actor, died Saturday at the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Rush. At his bedside there were his daughter, Miss Florence Reed, and Mrs. Rush. His wife was in Philadelphia, but on receipt of a telegraphic message she started at once for this city. The actor's death was caused by cancer of the stomach, from which cause he has been suffering for some time, and for the amelioration of which he had submitted to several operations. Mr. Reed was born in Philadelphia in 1856, and his first appearance on the stage was as the baby in a farce, he then being 6 months old. He adopted the stage as a regular profession early in life.

Gold Seekers Dying by Wholesale.

Jewett City, April 1.—Mrs. Mary Reidselle, of this city, the only woman who has remained in the Klondike during the past three years, writing from Nome City, says that thousands of persons are afflicted with scurvy. Many have frozen to death, and illness brought on by semi-starvation is reported. Mrs. Reidselle will come down on the first spring boat. She says all the gold in the world would not tempt her to remain longer in the midst of such terrible suffering.

Fatal Fire in a Boarding House.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 1.—By the upsetting of a lamp in the boarding house of John Gordon, at Gettysburg, a suburb of this city, at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, the house was set on fire. The boarders all succeeded in making their escape with the exception of John O'Donnell, aged 19, who was burned to death, and Dan Sullivan, who received burns on the face and upper portions of the body which may result fatally.

"Sun Do Move" Jasper is Dead.

Richmond, Va., April 1.—Rev. John Jasper, colored, whose famous sermon on the movement of the planets has been heard by thousands of persons, is dead. He was nearly 90 years of age. Though ignorant he was a great and good leader of his people, and no one who knew him doubted his childlike faith in the Bible and in his dictum that "the sun do move."

Serious Blizzard in Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., April 1.—One of the worst blizzards of the season is prevailing in the Texas Pan-Handle. Reports from up the Denver road say snow began falling early yesterday morning, and in five hours was nearly four inches on a level at Quannah. The thermometer registered 25 at Texline. Above this point the blizzard is much worse, the snowfall being accompanied by a fierce wind. The storm will have a bad effect on the cotton interests in the Pan-Handle.

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33 Baltimore St., Hanover, Pa.

Specials.

We are at this time making Special Offerings in Dress Goods. Newer in our time have we had such an assortment of fine and up-to-date line of

DRESS GOODS.

Our line of dress goods are one of the leading fabrics for Easter costumes, we have the latest shades. Also a full line of Silk Waists, Batistes, Silk and Cotton Henriettas; Albatross in all the best shades, for a light weight Spring Eton Jacket see our Cheviots, Venetians and Colored Broadcloth. Our

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is very complete.

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Drop Into Our Store

and look over our stock, consisting of Groceries, Glass China and Queensware, Cigars, Topaccos, &c.

COFFEE SPECIAL THIS WEEK

At 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 25 and 35 cts.

—YOU CANT MATCH OUR PRICES.—

LARGE PRUNES—3 lbs for 25 Cts.

FRESH HONEY—2 Cts per pound

A Lot of Small Onions rec'd to-day.

NEW CORN—7, 9 and 10 Cts. can.

Try Hiteshew's Oats, 10 lbs for 25c., 2 1/2c. pound.

We have the finest Cigars in town 1c

Fresh Sauces Kraut and Baked Beans, received to-day.

Another lot of fine candy received yesterday.

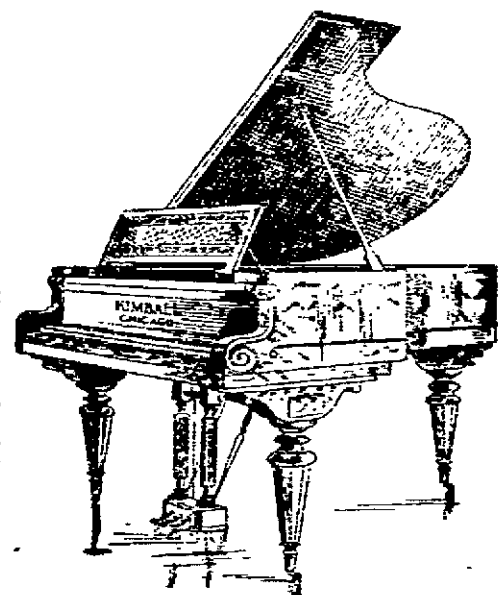
GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

M. S. Hiteshew,

ON THE SQUARE

Stops The Cough and Works off the Cough.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.



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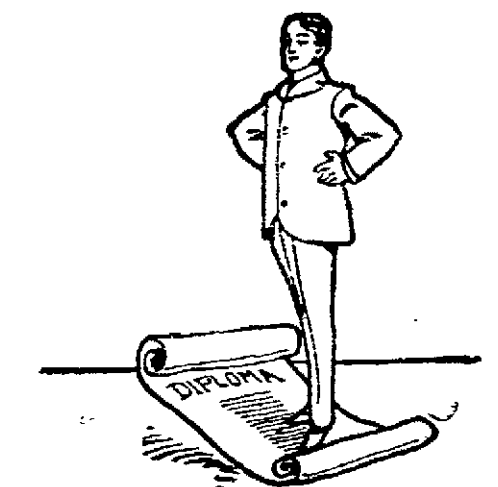
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Phonographs, Music Boxes, and Musical Merchandise, Music Strings, etc. Sold on easy payments if desired.

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A. S. FEISER, NEW OXFORD, PA.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of G. Smith & Co., in the Borough of New Oxford, Adams County, Pa., has been mutually dissolved this 15th day of January, 1901. All parties knowing themselves indebted thereto will make settlement, and those having claims present them for payment.

EMMA M. SMITH, G. W. SMITH.

The business will be continued in all branches, as heretofore, by the undersigned G. W. SMITH.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rosa J. Harner, late of Sherrystown Borough, Adams County, Pa., deceased.

The undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Rosa J. Harner, late of Sherrystown Borough, Adams County, Pa., dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted thereto to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

C. D. SMITH, Executor.

C. E. Eshbart, Atty.

Record Your Deeds.

By examination of the late Act of Legislature, approved May 19th, A. D. 1893, it will be seen that all Deeds, Conveyances made and executed after passage of this Act, shall be recorded in the Office for the Recording of Deeds, within ninety days, or else be judged fraudulent and void as to subsequent purchaser.

All persons holding unrecorded Deeds will see the importance of having them recorded, without further delay.

H. G. WEHLER, Recorder.

Have your Job Printing done at the ITEM office. Prices the lowest.

AGUINALDO A PRISONER.

Gen. Funston's Clever Strategy Lands the Filipino Chief.

UNSTON RECEIVES HIS REWARD.

Appointed a Brigadier General in the Regular Army—Aguinaldo May Be Exiled to An Island of the Samoan Group.

Manila, March 29.—Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo, who was captured by Gen. Funston and brought to Manila on the United States gunboat Vicksburg, was brought ashore at 3:10 p. m. yesterday and taken before Gen. MacArthur at the Malacanang Palace. He talked freely, but seemed ignorant concerning recent events. He appeared to be in good health and was even cheerful. He lunched with the officers of Gen. MacArthur's staff and was then escorted to the Anda street jail.

Gen. Funston led a company of 78 Macabebes, all of whom spoke Tagalog fluently, and was accompanied by only four Americans—Capt. Russell T. Hazard, Lieut. Oliver P. M. Hazzard, Capt. Harry W. Newton and Lieut. Burton Mitchell. The Macabebes were dressed mainly as Filipino laborers, though they wore the insurgent uniform. As they passed through the enemy's country it was given out that they were loyal Filipinos ordered to join Aguinaldo at Palanan, and a forged signature of Gen. Lacuna was shown. They met and defeated a company of Americans, they said, and exhibited the five Americans as prisoners. The captured Filipinos were presumably under command of four ex-insurgent officers, one Spaniard, who had surrendered.

As the company entered Palanan on March 23 Aguinaldo's household troops, men in neat uniforms of blue and white, and wearing straw hats, lined up to receive the newcomers. The Americans entered the house where Aguinaldo was met. Suddenly the Spaniard, noticing that Aguinaldo's wife was watching the Americans suspiciously, exclaimed: "Now, Macabebes, go for them." The Macabebes obeyed, but their aim was not very effective, and only three insurgents were killed. The rebels retreated. On hearing the firing Aguinaldo evidently thought his men were celebrating the arrival of reinforcements, ran to the balcony and shouted: "Stop that foolish firing. You are wasting ammunition!"

One of the Tagalog officers, a former insurgent major, who was wounded in the lung by the fire of the American regiment at the battle of Marikina, threw his arms around Aguinaldo, exclaiming: "You are a prisoner of the Americans." Col. Simeon Villa, Aguinaldo's chief of staff, Maj. Alambra and others attacked the men who were holding Aguinaldo. Placido shot Villa in the shoulder. Alambra jumped out of the window and attempted to cross the river. It is supposed that he was drowned. Five other insurgent officers fought for a few minutes and then fled. When the firing began Gen. Funston assumed command and directed the attack on the house, personally assisting in the capture of Aguinaldo. The insurgent body guard fled, leaving 20 dead. Santiago Barcelona, the insurgent treasurer, surrendered without resistance.

The expedition rested March 24 and then marched 16 miles the following day to Palanan bay, where Gen. Funston found the Vicksburg, which brought the expedition and the prisoner to Manila.

Terribly Beaten by Burglars.
Pittsburg, April 1.—Mrs. Ann Ward, aged 60 years, is lying in a critical condition from the effects of brutal treatment by three masked burglars at her home, Thirty-eighth and Carson street, early yesterday morning. Mrs. Ward and her daughter were awakened by the presence of the burglars at their bedside, each woman finding a revolver pointed directly at her head. Mrs. Ward undertook to resist the burglars, and while the daughter was held in subjection by one of the men another beat the mother into unconsciousness with short club, literally crushing in her skull. The husband and son of Mrs. Ward were sleeping on the third floor, living in their possession about \$1,000, the booty the burglars evidently were after. Awakened by the noise and his son hastened to the floor below, but the burglars had escaped.

The Reading's New President.
Reading, Pa., April 1.—It is expected that George F. Baer, of this city, will summe the presidency of the Philadelphia and Reading railway tomorrow. His announcement of his elevation to succeed Mr. Harris was made from the floor of J. Pierpont Morgan, in New York, today. Mr. Baer will likewise become president of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company and head of the New Jersey Central railway, and he will enter upon his duties as the personal representative of Mr. Morgan in the direction of these vast interests.

Premier Salisbury's Illness.
London, April 1.—The following bulletin regarding the condition of the premier was issued last evening: "Lord Salisbury was attacked with influenza March 23. The illness has run the normal course and has been attended by the usual prostration. The temperature, however, has been almost normal for the last two days and his lordship's strength is improved, with increasing power of taking food. It is hoped that he will be able shortly to make a change to the south."

THE TREASURY SURPLUS

Secretary Gage Discusses the Cash Accumulations.

Will Allow Funds to Accumulate in the Treasury Rather Than Buy Short Time Bonds at an Artificial Price—Predicts a Money Piethora.

Washington, April 1.—Secretary Gage was questioned yesterday as to his probable action with respect to the cash accumulations in the treasury and particularly as to whether he contemplated buying bonds for the sinking fund.

"The country would like to know," it was stated to the secretary, "whether the accumulation of money in the treasury, which seems to be going on, will not operate to the prejudice of general business affairs. Your estimate is that there will be a surplus of receipts over expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30 next of about \$30,000,000. Your statement shows that some \$40,000,000 of that sum already has been realized. This would indicate that within the next three months \$40,000,000 more of cash will be gathered into the treasury from the general money market."

The secretary replied: "The estimates you speak of were made before the last session of congress, and have been modified by events and by congressional action. It is not now contemplated that the year's surplus will be over \$20,000,000. A falling off in receipts or larger disbursements than have been estimated for may also further modify the effect to which you point."

"Well, Mr. Secretary, even then it seems that the cash holdings of the treasury will be increased by some \$20,000,000 between now and June 30. Are you willing to state whether you would or could do anything to relieve general affairs should they be adversely affected by the tie up of money in the treasury?"

The secretary: "There are only two methods open to get surplus funds out of the treasury vaults. One is to increase treasury deposits in national bank depositaries; the other is to buy United States bonds. The latter is more consistent with government interests than the former, since in buying bonds interest on the public debt is by so much stopped. The department, however, would not feel justified in buying bonds other than those which will mature and become subject to payment within the next seven years. At a proper price it would no doubt be willing to buy these, and thus relieve the treasury from a surplus which, as you assume might, under some conditions, be prejudicial to general business affairs. At the present quoted rates for the short bonds I do not think the secretary would be justified in buying bonds. It is a well known and acknowledged fact that a long time government bond, everything else being equal, is worth relatively more than a short time bond. The present disparity to the contrary is, therefore, illogical, if not artificial, and at their present price the secretary will not buy them."

Question: "As an alternative, would you not increase the deposit of public moneys with the banks?"

The Secretary: "No, that would aggravate in some particulars the situation to which I have just referred. To qualify as depositaries the banks would have to buy and deposit bonds. The effect would be to set up a competition, by the aid of the government, against the government in the purchase of the securities, already abnormally high. We are now advancing toward the period of the year when there is apt to be a money piethora instead of a money scarcity, so I do not see that it will do any particular harm if money accumulates in the treasury."

"The reduction in taxation will, when it becomes operative, partially or wholly cure the present tendency toward a congestion in the treasury. If it be a choice between buying bonds at an artificial price and letting funds accumulate in the treasury the latter will occur, nor will the department advertise for offerings of bonds."

Criticizing the Missionaries.
Boston, April 1.—President William J. Tucker, of Dartmouth college, took the Christian church to task for its part in the Chinese troubles during a Lenten sermon at the Old South church last evening. His strongest sentences were these: "The very apostles sent forth by the church have shown that they don't know how to keep the commandments. In China it looks as though the gospel is suspended, as well as the law. Christianity has been set back, nobody knows how far, by the behavior of the missionaries in China."

Indiana Miners on Strike.
Brazil, Ind., April 1.—The conference of black coal operators and miners adjourned sine die Saturday evening, and work has been suspended in all the mines of the county, throwing thousands of workmen out of work. The miners demanded a 15 cent per day raise for the day men and 2 cents for the track layers. Both sides declare they will not yield. The miners will call upon President Mitchell to aid in settling the trouble.

Money Package Stolen En Route.
Columbia, S. C., April 1.—Last Thursday the Bank of Columbia, of this city, forwarded to the Bank of Commerce, of New York, \$5,000 in paper money. When the package arrived at its destination Saturday it was discovered that the money had been removed and brown paper substituted for the money. It is believed that the package arrived in New York city all right and that the substitution was made there.

To Uphold Bachelor.
By request Mr. Roth, of Lehigh, introduced a bill in the House at Harrisburg to encourage marriage.

The bill provides that a male citizen of Pennsylvania over 40 years old making application for a marriage license shall pay a license fee of \$100, to be turned into the State Treasury for the purpose of maintaining homes for old ladies over 40 years old who have not had a suitable opportunity or offer of marriage and have not means sufficient to keep themselves in clothes and spending money. Any bachelor over 40 years old who shall go outside of the State for a wife shall pay \$100 into the State Treasury.

The State shall be divided into three districts—the territory west of the Allegheny Mountains shall be the first district, west of the Susquehanna river the second district and all other parts of the State the third district. The act is irrevocable and can never be repealed without the majority of the old ladies who have been regularly admitted to the home.

A RAGING, ROARING FLOOD—Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by Randolph Wehler. Price 50c and \$1.00.

Black and White.

On the 15th instant, a mob of white men attacked a lot of colored men enjoying a cakewalk at Enid, Oklahoma. Several white men and one negro were arrested. All the white men were discharged, and two days after Judge McAtee discharged the negro on his own motion, saying: "While I sit on the bench, if white juries cannot reach white offenders, black men shall not be punished by me if they defend themselves."

HE KEPT HIS LEG.—Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, "but," he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 14 boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. Randolph Wehler will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents.

The assessed valuation of York City real estate has been increased \$4000,000.

George Washington Anderson, who is on his deathbed in the Pleasant county poorhouse, W. Va., admitted that he had been married 19 times, and believes that all his wives are living.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.—(Quick relief from pain.) All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, O., says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co. druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale by all druggists.

The Patriot wonders what Harrisburg has done that it should have the legislature and the small pox at the same time.

The statistics of an old weather prophet, of Chester Co., who keeps tab on the weather, show that the month of February on an average was 179 degrees colder than for any corresponding month for 29 years.

"I have been troubled with indigestion for ten years, have tried many things and spent much money to no purpose until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken two bottles and gotten more relief from them than all other medicines taken. I feel more like a boy than I have felt in twenty years." Anderson Riggs of Sunny Lane, Tex. Thousands have testified as did Mr. Riggs. Randolph Wehler.

The Harrisburg city council has passed an ordinance making it punishable by a fine of five dollars or five days in jail for every one convicted of spitting on the sidewalks of the city.

CAUGHT A DREDFUL COLD—Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by all druggists.

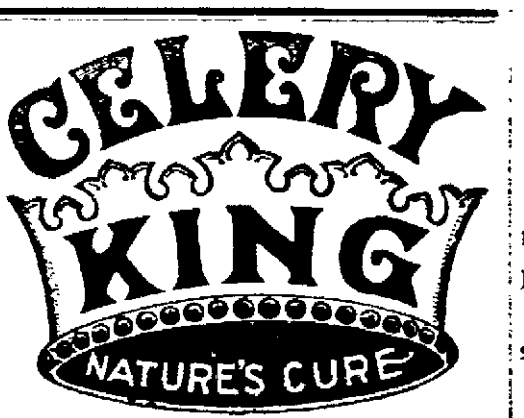
Subscribe for the ITEM. Only \$1.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by all druggists. 4-mo.

The skeletons of several gigantic men were uncovered in an old burying ground near Masontown, Lancaster county, on Tuesday, in grading for a railroad. One of the skeletons was nearly eight feet long, and all were on a much larger scale than those of modern men. Many beautiful shells were found in the graves.

E. H. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets** the remedy that cures a cold in one day



A Great Nerve Medicine.

Celery King cleanses the system and builds it up. It makes the blood pure. It beautifies the complexion. It cures constipation and liver disorders. It cures headache and most other aches.

Celery King cures Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases.

Get it at your Druggist's or Grocer's Drug Store.

Mr. LEWIS RAMER is at the old Stand, the **Globe Hotel, TOWNSBURG, PA.,** Ready to Receive all Old Patrons, and new ones that come this way.

Cancer Specialist.

More cures effected out of number treated, and with less pain, than any other doctor treating this disease. **DR. H. W. SWARTZ, New Oxford.**

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Lydia Menges, late of Oxford township, Adams County, Pa., deceased.

Letters of Administration on the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated or payment and those indebted thereto will please make immediate settlement.

PETER MENGES, DANIEL MENGES, Administrators.

PUBLIC SALE!

40 HEAD OF **W. Va., Horses,** AT ABBOTTSTOWN.



Saturday, April 6th, 1901.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his stables in Abbottstown, 40 head of fine West Virginia Horses—speedy drivers, saddlers and general purpose horses. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. Terms by

F. K. HAFER.

MILLER'S Mammoth Store.

MARCH 27, 1901.

On Monday, April first the H. W. Miller company will take charge of affairs. For 19 long years I have tried to serve the public as best I knew how to serve them. Of course I was not able to please all. No one is. I hereby return my thanks to the public for their generous patronage for all these years and as manager of the new company I will use my utmost endeavor to manage affairs so that it may be to your interest to deal with us. I will have courteous and obliging clerks to serve you. Trusting you will give us a liberal share of your patronage I remain yours respectfully

H. W. Miller, Baltimore St., HANOVER, PA.

OHIO & KENTUCKY Horses



Monday, March 26th.

I will receive a car load of Ohio and Kentucky Horses, Workers and drivers, also a few fine Saddlers.

I have also a fine lot of Broken Mules on hand.

Call and see my stock before buying elsewhere.

H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

The Style IS THE

Man Himself

Shabby and ill-fitting Clothing denote the man who is careless of his personal appearance.

Our Clothing fits perfectly and assures your being well dressed.

Money Saved

Money Made

That we can do this, the values we mention will prove.

See and Consider

Men's Suits, - - \$2.00 to \$18.00
Youths' Suits, - - \$2.00 to \$15.00
Boys' Suits, - - \$1.00 to \$7.00

N. B. Carver & Sons. HANOVER, PA.

M. G. Colestock,

DEALER IN—

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS.

SUCH AS—

Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, &c.

Smoked Meats,

Skinned Hams, Unskinned Hams,

Picnic Hams, Prepared Hams,

Breakfast Bacon, Country Flitch,

Bologna, Dried Beef, &c.

The above mentioned Meats are of First-class quality, and can be had at all times at the lowest possible prices.

MIDDLE ROOM, LIVINGSTON BLOCK,

Center Square, New Oxford,

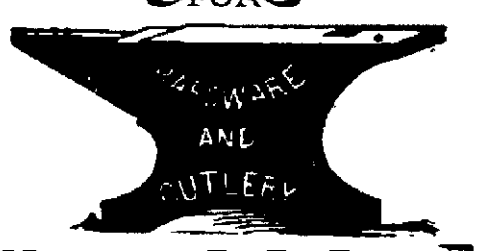
Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c. and \$1. Large size contains 3 1/2 times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DEWITT & CO., Chicago.

For sale at Wehler's drug store.

GO TO **GILBERT & SON** FOR



Masury's R. R. Paint,

GLASS, OILS, BLATCHLEY PUMPS

TILING, &c.

Plumbing and Blumbers' Supplies.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed at the ITEM office. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Subscribe for the ITEM. Only \$1.

TERMS—\$1.00 per annum, in advance—\$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of time paid for will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at reasonable rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1901.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Clean up about your premises.

1901 is the date on a new counterfeit nickel. Have an eye for it.

Edwin R. Ebaugh, of Hanover, has been granted a pension of \$8 a month.

A young cow died for Henry Weaver, of Reading township, from emphysema.

Advertising cures dull trade, and adds to the like of brisk trade.

Merchants who cash checks for slick-tongued strangers, have no right to poke fun at the purchaser of a gold brick.

Mrs. Eliza L. Cress, mother of the late J. H. Cress, died at Gettysburg, on Wednesday night, of the infirmities of old age.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Randolph Wehler.

Last Thursday Mr. Daniel Hoffman, of Quaker Valley, tread upon a nail running it almost entirely through his foot.

Raymond W. Pearson, the young poultryman, of York Springs, has a four-legged chicken, that is attracting much attention.

All kinds of printing done at the ITEM office—a little fact not always remembered by some who do not object to getting their names in the columns of the paper.

The annual struggle between the Easter egg and the Easter bonnet is on. Between the two the latter is most likely to come out on top.

Last Friday a small child of Mr. John Byers, of near Arendtsville, took a mouthful of caustic soda, burning its mouth very badly.

FOR SALE—Two good sized stock bulls, call on or address
FRANK HETRICK, Dairyman.

Luther C. Plank, of Table Rock, and Miss Bessie Anthony, daughter of Chas. Anthony and wife, of Hanover, were married Tuesday at Hagerstown.

A. J. Miller, of Arendtsville, had the misfortune to get his hand too close to a hand saw, cutting the knuckle off of the large finger, also all the leaders, causing his finger to hang down limp and powerless.

J. C. D. Lower, of Arendtsville while cutting wood in Minter's bottom last Thursday had the misfortune to cut his foot very severely.

Skin trouble, cuts, burns, scalds and chafing quickly heal by the use of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is imitated. Be sure you get DeWitt's. Randolph Wehler.

The old established firm of G. W. Emmert & Bro., of York Springs, is now a thing of the past, G. P. Emmert retiring G. W. Emmert continuing as the sole proprietor.

Vincent O'Boid is preparing to erect a new barn on the site of the one destroyed by fire near McSherrytown some time ago. The heavy lumber has arrived from the mountain lands of Francis Cole.

Strong and well defined suspicion exists as to the guilty parties concerned in placing the baby in the well, in Union township, near Bart's church, recently, and arrests may be made at an early date.

Emanuel Stremmel, living on Solomon Hoke's farm along the Carlisle pike, about 2 1/2 miles from Hanover, Friday taken to the Penn Flour mills in Hanover, a load of wheat comprising 202 bushels and 5 pounds. This is considered an extraordinary large load.

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Randolph Wehler.

Mrs. M. A. Wantz was dangerously wounded Wednesday in York by a shot from a revolver playfully fired at her by a 7-year-old nephew. While the boy was ransacking a bureau drawer, he found the revolver, and pointed it at his aunt. The bullet lodged in his aunt's breast, and the wound is in doubt.

Spring coughs are specially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but is a high grade remedy. Randolph Wehler.

Born—March 31st, to Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Topper, Mountpleasant township, a daughter.

At G. W. Koser's sale at Biglerville on Wednesday a pair of mules brought \$335.

Governor Stone issued a proclamation Friday designating April 12 and 26 as Arbor Days.

L. J. Small, Edgegrove's enterprising merchant, runs a delivery wagon for the accommodation of his customers.

Ten car loads of fat cattle were shipped from Hanover Monday morning by different dealers.

Mrs. H. E. Lough has opened a new Millinery Store at her residence on Philadelphia street. See ad.

John Shull, of Franklin township, has purchased the H. W. Deardorff farm, in same township, near Flohr's church, 216 acres, for \$10,000.

N. H. Kirsin, will open his "Reliable Bargain Clothing House" in the Miller building, Carlisle street, on April 16th. See ad.

Rev. C. E. Held, has resigned as pastor of the New Chester charge of the Lutheran Church to accept a call at Shenandoah Pa.

Among the list of fourth-class postmasters appointed in Pennsylvania on Friday is the name of E. Miller at Mummasburg.

Among the pensions recently issued we notice the following: Amanda B. Kesselring, Arendtsville, \$8; Isaac H. Moore, Fairfield, \$8; Amos Bower, York Springs, \$12.

Edward S. Plank, who during the past two seasons won a number of victories for Gettysburg by his excellent pitching, has signed with the Chester, Pa., ball team for the coming summer.

Samuel J. Bower, formerly of near York Springs, and Miss Bertha V. Wolfe, of near Abbottstown, were married at the Reformed parsonage, this place, on Sunday by Rev. P. E. Heimer.

C. W. Hershey, of Conewago township, recently felled a walnut tree which had been standing on his farm for 100 years. The tree measured 6 1/2 feet across the stump and made 25 posts and 9 cords of wood.

At Gettysburg the judgments entered of record and the revivals of judgments on Saturday and Monday numbered 98; last year on the corresponding days 107; mortgages entered this year 16, last year 26.

Merville E. Zinn, the new proprietor of Hotel Gettysburg, took possession Monday. We predict success for him in his new venture, as he has during his seventeen years of clerkship of that hotel made many friends.

We are requested to state that the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines for Livingston's shoe factory were bought through O. A. Smith, of this place, and not G. L. Fink, as stated a few weeks ago.

Constable James Wise last week arrested James Pittenturf and Charles Koch, of Gettysburg, on a warrant issued by Squire Meals on oath of Samuel McAllister, of Cumberland township, charging them with the larceny of a lot of old iron.

The School Directors of Littlestown, at their recent meeting rejected all bids for the erection of a new school house in that place. The matter of building the school house according to plans and specifications has been deferred indefinitely. There is a movement on foot to remodel the building now being used which it is urged can be enlarged to accommodate all pupils for years.

C. A. Decker, of near town, has resigned as teacher of Swope's school to accept a position with a Philadelphia Publishing Company; but now thinks that it is likely that he will be able to secure a place in the Pan American Exposition at Buffalo, similar to that which he filled at the Worlds Fair in 1893.

The New Oxford correspondent of the Jeffersonian says: On a large stone in the wall of Eichelberger's Mill is this inscription: "Tha Franken Teller 1747 Mill Pilt Bei Deobalt Sholas." One thought in this inscription is that a Mill was built on this site in 1747. What a desolate wilderness this must have been in 1747! Thirty years before the Revolutionary War and seven years before the Governor of Virginia sent Washington on his famous journey to order the French out of western Pennsylvania: I think about twenty years before there was any county jurisdiction this side of the Susquehanna. The habitations of white men must have been few and far between. Would it not be a treat for a modern miller to see the original mill at this place and notice how the business was transacted then.

You will waste time if you try to cure indigestion or dyspepsia by starving yourself. That only makes it worse when you do eat heartily. You always need plenty of good food properly digested. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the result of years of scientific research for something that would digest not only some elements of food but every kind. And it is the one remedy that will do it. Randolph Wehler.

Mrs. T. D. Smith, who removed from this place to Midway last week, has been granted a widows pension of \$8 per month with several hundred dollars back pay.

Deeds of assignment for the benefit of creditors were filed Monday by J. W. Hornberger, of Littlestown, and H. S. Cashman, of Bendersville.

The Post Office Department is considering the establishment of a Rural Free Delivery Route to serve the people of Bonneauville and vicinity.

Monday evening Miss Mable Morrow, a teacher in one of the Liberty township public schools, died at the home of Ira Linebaugh, after a severe attack of pneumonia.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like Piles."—E. C. Boice, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's.

A week ago last Sunday one of the children of Ammon Rickrode, of Two Taverns, got one of its fingers badly mashed by getting them in the gearing of a fanning mill, and on Monday another one, aged about five years, fell off a sled, breaking one of his arms.

In the Spectator of August 6, 1845, appears the following: The dedication of the Roman Catholic church lately erected in Paradise township, York county, one mile north of Abbottstown, will take place on Friday, the 15th day of August inst. The ceremonies will commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Services in English and German.

The Adams County Agricultural Association held its annual election, in the Hardy Able Club room, in Arendtsville, Saturday afternoon, March 16th, when the following officers were elected:—President, John F. Bushey; Vice President, J. Blair Garretson; Secretary, A. I. Weidner; Treasurer, Eli P. Garretson; Member of the County Institute Committee, Samuel Bream.

Saturday evening Craig Geiselman of Gettysburg, received a telegram from Philadelphia informing him of the serious illness, the result of an injury, of his son, Edward McPherson Geiselman. This was followed on Sunday by another telegram announcing his death. He was aged about 41 years. Nothing definite has been learned as to the manner or cause of the injury.

A Two Taverns Correspondent says: Mrs. Benjamin Smith, nee Cromer, died on Saturday, March 30, of lock-jaw. Two weeks ago Mrs. Smith cut her thumb with a knife. Little was thought of it as it began to heal. She applied a court plaster. Last Thursday, while assisting Mr. and Mrs. Krumrine to move, she suddenly became ill. She was immediately taken home and a physician did all he could to relieve her but without avail. Mrs. Smith is survived by a husband and three children, who mourn the loss of a kind, loving and devoted wife and mother.

During the present week we will move the ITEM office from the room over the Bank to the middle room of the same building, now occupied by G. A. Maus' shoe factory, and should the paper be a little late next week, or a little mixed our readers will know the cause, as we might have "pi" for our employees to consume. The room we now occupy will be fitted up for the Bank as a directors room. Mr. Mauser moves his machinery, &c., to the house of Mr. Livingston until the new factory building is completed. The entrance to our office will be in hall door at rear of Hitesbush's store, first door to the right on second floor.

"Last winter I was confined to my bed with a very bad cold on the lungs. Nothing gave me relief. Finally my wife bought a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure that effected a speedy cure. I can not speak too highly of that excellent remedy."—Mr. T. K. Houseman, Manatowney, Pa. Randolph Wehler.

Fire! Fire! Fire!

The thrilling Drama, "Messmates," will be put on the boards in Miller's Hall, by local talent under the directions of Prof. H. O. Himes, on Tuesday evening, April 9, for the benefit of the New Oxford Fire Department. The Company will render this beautiful three-act drama, all of which transpired on board a ship, when a worldly fathers scheme of matrimony is thwarted by a stowaway, whose unraveling of an intricate plot is intensely interesting and full of pathetic scenes, varied by the comic characters of servants, who convulse an audience in expressions of laughter. General admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents.

Relic of the Civil War.

While Dr. Baker, of East Berlin, was getting ready to sell some personal property recently, he found an old relic, lost over 30 years ago. It is a photograph of the 127th Pa. Vol., taken while on dress parade. It was taken in 1862, and distinctly shows Camp Boas, Harrisburg, where the regiment was quartered, to which the doctor belonged.—East Berlin News.

Death's Doings.

Mr. David Weaver, one of our oldest and most respected citizens died at his home on Pitt street, at 10:30 o'clock on Tuesday morning from the effects of a stroke of paralysis received ten days ago.

Deceased was aged 83 years, 1 month and 10 days. He is survived by his wife and five children—Mrs. Edward Mayhew, of Johnstown, Pa., Mrs. David Mumma, of Reading township, Adams county, William H. Weaver, of Mt. St. Mary's, Md., John S. Weaver, of this place, and David Weaver, of Johnstown, Pa.

Mr. Weaver was widely known and had many friends. He was a devout christian gentleman. His brother, Sebastian, died at McSherrytown seven weeks ago from paralysis.

His funeral takes place this Friday morning, interment to be made in the Catholic Cemetery near town, Rev. Fr. Kennedy officiating.

Peter Erb, of near Round Hill, died of asthma and pneumonia on Sunday a week and was buried at the Bermudian Reformed cemetery Wednesday. Aged 74 years and 20 days and leaves a wife, one son and three daughters to mourn their loss. He was a veteran and highly respected.

Mrs. Victoria May Stina Harkins, wife of Wm. A. Harkins, died at Hampton, on last Monday afternoon and was buried Thursday morning at Hampton Reformed church, Rev. P. M. Spangler officiating. Her early death was due to consumption. Her maiden name was Klinge and she leaves a husband and one child to mourn their loss.

Carrie, a one-year-old daughter of Abraham Keagy, of Conewago township, died at noon Saturday from brain fever, after a week's illness.

PERSONAL.

Rev. M. L. Gates, of New York city, is spending a few days with friends here and at Abbottstown.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wiest, of Hanover, visited friends in town over Sunday.

Mr. Leo Smith, son of Mrs. Josephine Smith, of near town, left Monday morning for Buffalo, N. Y., where he expects to secure a position in the Pan-American Exposition.

Miss Laura Smith, of Hanover, spent Sunday with her mother near town.

Mr. Wallace Coleman, cutter in G. A. Maus' shoe factory, spent a few days with friends in Baltimore.

Messrs Wm. Sheely and John Sheetz, returned to school at Mercersburg, Monday.

J. Irwin Ruff, son of Prof. Daniel Ruff, of Philadelphia street, left Wednesday, for Philadelphia, where he has secured a position in a drug store.

Miss Blanche Bender, of Kansas, is a visitor at Z. H. Cashman's.

Spencer Myers, Sparrows Point, Md., spent Friday in this place.

Mrs. Sarah Zercher, of Littlestown, spent several days with friends in this place.

Misses Amelia and Helen Himes, students at Swarthmore College, are spending their Easter vacation at their home in this place.

Harry Teamont and wife, of near New Chester, spent several days with Mrs. Sarah Ditzler.

Prof. O. A. Smith, of Hanover street, left Monday for Ohio and Michigan, in the interest of the Mohler Organ Company.

Hon. Albert J. Long, of Hagerstown, Md., spent Tuesday at the home of D. F. Steffie, Esq., Carlisle street.

Richard F. Steffie, of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., returned home Wednesday, to spend the vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Steffie, Carlisle street.

Miss Margaret Steffie, of Littlestown, visited her brother, D. F. Steffie, Esq., during the week.

At Conewago Chapel.

The Devotion of the three hours' agony of our Lord on the cross, or the seven last words, will be held on Good Friday at Conewago Chapel, beginning at 12 o'clock, noon. Rev. Father T. B. Barrett, S. J., Professor of Theology at Woodstock College, will deliver the discourse on the seven last words. The Devotion will last about three hours. The music will be by the choir and the congregation.

Services will be held on Friday and Saturday mornings of Passion Week at the same hour as last year.

A bronze tablet arrived Friday morning to be put up by the donor of the new stations to be erected in Conewago Chapel. This bronze tablet is erected in memory of the donor's father and mother. The stations will arrive about June.

Hicks for April.

A storm period will open the month and extend to the 5th. High temperature with rain, hail and thunder may be expected. Very cool weather will follow and snow will occur in northern parts up until the 7th. Tender plants should be watched. There will be a decided change to warmer 8th to 9th, with heavy rain, hail and thunderstorms. Another storm period is due 12th to 18th, with vicious electrical storms and high winds about the 15th. April downpours will ensue up until the 21st. The first week has a storm period central on the 29th. Storm of much energy will occur 25th to 29th, inclusive.

Banking Pays.

An advertisement in the Gettysburg papers says that the Bank of Gettysburg, from 1814 to 1864, fifty years, made net earnings of \$84,598.33, or an average of \$1,591, a year, an average of one and one-sixth per cent. a year on the capital of \$145,150; but we presume the capital was much smaller at the start.

The institution was changed to a National Bank in 1864, and in the 36 years that have since elapsed the profits have been \$639,951.82, or an average \$17,775.71 a year, more in five years than in the half century before the war. On the capital the net earnings average therefore nearly 12 1/2 per cent. per annum. In all 382 per cent. dividends were declared in these 34 years, \$80,000 placed to surplus account and \$33,504.86 carried as undivided profits.

During these thirty-six years Gettysburg has made no phenomenal growth nor has Adams county in general shown extraordinary advancement. The truth is banking seems to be one of the most profitable business in which capital can be invested.

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be Holy Communion and Confirmation services in the First Evangelical Lutheran church next Sunday at 10 a. m. Easter services at 7 p. m.

Sunday School 9 a. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.; Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:00 o'clock.

Preparatory services will be held Saturday at 7 p. m.

REV. FERDINAND HESSE, PASTOR.

Holy Communion services in St. Paul's Reformed church next Sunday at 9.45 a. m.; Early Easter services 5 a. m.

Sunday School 9 a. m.; C. E. Society 6 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday 7:00 p. m.; Junior Catechetical class will meet Saturday at 1:30 a. m.; Senior class at 2:00 a. m.

Services every evening this week at 7 o'clock, except Saturday. Preparatory services Friday 2 p. m.

Organ recital Thursday at 7 p. m.; Silver offering.

REV. P. E. HEIMER, PASTOR.

Services in Immaculate Conception Church Thursday, Friday and Saturday mornings at 8 o'clock, and Friday evening at 7 o'clock. Low Mass at 8 and High Mass at 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning.

REV. TIMOTHY KENNEDY, PASTOR.

There will be preaching in the M. E. church next Sunday at 7 p. m.; Sunday School 9 a. m.; Epworth League 6 p. m.

REV. VACCHN T. RUE, PASTOR.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman

Choice Wheat	70
No. 2 "	68
Hacked "	50
Rye	40 @ 44
Corn	38 @ 40
Oats	22 @ 26
Clover seed, per lb.	8 @ 10
Timothy seed	1.00 @ 1.50
Timothy hay	6.00 @ 14.00
Rye straw	5.00 @ 7.00

MARRIED.

March 31, at the Reformed parsonage, this place, by Rev. P. E. Heimer, Samuel J. Bowers and Miss Bertha V. Wolf, both of near Abbottstown.

March 28, at Arendtsville, by Rev. D. T. Koser, C. E. Stallsmith and Miss Anna M. Cassat, both of Straban township.

March 30, at York, by Rev. Yost, J. D. Houck, of York, and Miss Lizzie E. Leib, of East Berlin.

DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, veroes, &c., 50c per line!

April 2, in this place, Mr. David Weaver, aged 83 years, 1 month and 10 days.

March 31, in Hamiltonban township, of pneumonia, Urias Shriner, aged about 45 years.

March 28, in Franklin township, Mrs. Hannah Minter, aged 77 years, 7 months and 28 days.

Consumption

is, by no means, the dreadful disease it is thought to be—in the beginning.

It can always be stopped—in the beginning. The trouble is: you don't know you've got it; you don't believe it; you won't believe it—till you are forced to. Then it is dangerous.

Don't be afraid; but attend to it quick—you can do it yourself and at home.

Take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, and live carefully every way.

This is sound doctrine, whatever you may think or be told; and, if heeded, will save life.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl Street, New York 50c. and \$1.00; all Druggists.

WHERE LOVE IS LORD.

I take the glory from the sky!
I take the terror from the sea;
I take the charm of life away
For those who walk with me.

I blot the printing in the book—
Before their eyes one word shall
flame—
And in their ears the lips of men
Shall seem to form one name.

Yet will they follow me, although
Earth shakes beneath, heav'n flames
above;
Careless of life or death they walk
Who are the slaves of Love.

—Lippincott's.

THE PASSING OF UNCLE BILLY.

The man who had been reading the home paper heaved a gentle sigh. "Poor Uncle Billy!" he explained.

"What's the matter?" asked his friend. "Something happened to one of your relations?"

"No, he wasn't exactly a relation of mine—not exclusively. He was 'Uncle Billy' to everybody. Wherever he has gone, he will be 'Uncle Billy' still. I can remember him ever since I was knee high to a toad, and in all that time he never changed a wrinkle of his old face. He got old 40 years ago, I think, and then time overlooked him and death never found it out until now. The paper mentions the 'Death Angel,' also it is with unfeigned regret that they chronicle. The funeral will be held in the First Baptist church, which makes me wonder whether the churches drew straws for him, for nobody ever suspected him of any church affiliations in my time.

"He was a pagan—one of the unregenerate, a tobacco-chewing, rough-talking, big-hearted old reprobate, who never smiled, but let his eyes smile for him while the rest of his features were composed in imperturbable gravity, and who was liked by everybody—else he would never have been 'Uncle Billy.' He kept the one general store in the little village when I was a boy. He had a young man named Abner to help him, and Abner did practically all the business. 'Uncle Billy' never seemed to care much how things went, devoting himself chiefly to checkers. Sometimes he would fumble round among the shelves for his customers and serve them, and quite as often he would tell them to go around and see if they could find what they wanted themselves. That wouldn't work everywhere, but we were a primitive people then and well content to be so. We said 'I have saw him' when we didn't say 'I seen him,' and we felt an honest scorn for those finicky folks who were more correct in their language. We were always square with 'Uncle Billy,' we never took advantage of his unbusinesslike ways and we appreciated the freedom he allowed us.

"And now the old fellow is dead!"

"A fellow named Lish Jewett, I remember, played a great trick on 'Uncle Billy' one time. He was the village cut-up and addicted to didoes anyway. 'Uncle Billy' aimed to keep most everything in stock, but he didn't keep very good run of it, and every once in a while he would get out of something. Lish found out that he was short on soda—only had about half a pound of it, and what does he do but go around and tell everybody to ask for soda.

"The people were all willing to do it. We had only too little to vary the monotony of existence in that little town, and so old and young and rich and poor flocked into 'Uncle Billy's' store and called for soda. The old man was generally pretty quick catching on, but somehow he didn't tumble in this instance, although he was certainly suspicious. When 'Doc' Peterson came in toward evening and asked for two pounds of soda 'Uncle Billy' betrayed his curiosity.

"What be you wantin' sody for, Doc?" he asked.

"Why, says 'Doc,' 'what would I want it for—to grease my boots? What does anybody want with soda?"

"Well," says 'Uncle Billy,' "I reckoned that mebbe you had diskivered some sort o' use for it out o' the common. Everybody in town has gone sody mad, seems like. I've sent to Saint Joe for a boatload to meet the de-mand. It's mighty curious how they'll get a run on suthin all at once here. I don't reckon a can o' Californy peaches'd do you jest as well, would they? I've got in some mighty fine peaches."

"He hadn't ordered a boatload, but he did lay in a big supply of it, and of course just as soon as he got it the demand fell off. 'Uncle Billy' couldn't figure out how that happened. For two or three weeks everybody that came into the store would be asked how they were off for soda, and it seemed that everybody had all they wanted at home.

"At last Jewett thought he would put up a job on the pastor of the Methodist church.

"The pastor's name was Dolby and he was a good sort of a man, only he hadn't got his edge worn off, being young and not long out of the semin-

ary. He was as polite as the proverbial basket of chips and he talked as if he were reading out of a particularly correct book. Lish saw him coming down the road in his buggy and hailed him and asked him if he wouldn't stop at 'Uncle Billy's' and get him a pound of soda. He had just come from the store himself and knew how the old man was feeling on the subject.

"I will do so with pleasure, Mr. Jewett," said the pastor. "If there is any other little commission with which you desire to intrust me do not hesitate to mention it. I shall be most pleased to execute it."

"That's all, thanky, Mr. Dolby," says Lish. "I'll be obliged to you."

"So the pastor clucked to his horse and jogged on to the store, where he found the old man just in the act of filling his face with tobacco.

"Howdy, passon," he said as soon as he had got his quid into his cheek. "How do you do, Mr. Stoval," says the pastor. "I hope you are in good health."

"Oh, to'fable, to'fable," says 'Uncle Billy.'

"Have you got any soda, Mr. Stoval?" says the pastor.

"Sody!" says 'Uncle Billy.' "Sody! Sody did you say? Why, dog my cats, I've got sody enough ter raise the northeast corner of hades!"

"Another time, I remember, Clem Burr came down to visit his sister. Clem was a conductor on some railroad, and we had a great deal of respect for railroads in our town, the nearest one being about 35 miles away, and there was a general idea that the conductors owned the railroads. Add to this that our common wear was butternut and hickory, as to our trousers and shirts, and you can imagine the swath that Clem cut when he came back after an absence of 15 years dressed in a new blue uniform with brass buttons and habitually wearing clean white shirts and collars and boots that were polished every day.

"He wasn't puffed up with his greatness by any means, but you know how it is. Some of the folks somehow got the idea that he was proud just because he wore good clothes. They couldn't forgive his buttons, either. 'Uncle Billy' seemed to think that he was 'puttin' on dog' and he wasn't what you would call exactly cordial with Clem—hadn't anything against him, but having known him as a little freckle-faced, barelegged kid, with one suspender and a perennial sore toe, he took his little refinements of dress and speech as a sort of insult to the community.

"One evening Clem's sister asked him if he wouldn't go to the store and get some onions, and so Clem came into 'Uncle Billy's.' I was there that evening with the rest of them, watching the game of checkers that the old man was playing with Tom Pardee from Tarkio. It was a great game, and as many as a dozen were watching it with absorbed interest. Clem stood a while and watched it, too, although he wasn't interested. Nobody had taken any notice of him when he came in except to look up for an instant, and 'Uncle Billy' didn't even do that. At last Clem plucked up courage and said: 'Have you got any onions, Uncle Billy?"

"'Uncle Billy' studied the board and stroked his whiskers, and then jumped three men and crowned his own. To the Tarkio player's intense mortification. After he had done that he says: 'What's that, Clem?"

"'Have you got any onions?"

"'N-huh. It's your move, Tom.'

"Clem went out kind of wondering how it came that produce had fallen off to that extent and 'Uncle Billy' made his next move. Not until the game was finished and the pieces placed for the next one did the old man look up. Then he shifted back his chair a little and said, dryly: 'I wonder if that blamed fool didn't mean 'inguns.'

"And now the poor old man is dead. I wish I had known it in time. I believe I'd have run down and attended the funeral."—Chicago Record.

Secreting Money.

An Englishman at home carries his money in his right hand trousers pockets, gold, silver and coppers all mixed up together.

The American usually carries his wad of bills in a pocketbook, the long, narrow ones in which the bills lie straight being the most characteristic.

The Frenchman uses a plain leather purse.

The German prefers an embroidered and beaded silk affair, the gift of some Gretchen.

The South American capitalist carries his money snugly in a money belt. The Italian of the poorer classes ties his small fortune in a brightly colored bandanna, which he secretes about his person in some mysterious manner.

The Russian feels more secure when he has his money tucked away in his boots or perhaps in the lining of his clothes.

Wyndham Spencer Portal, who was recently created a baronet, is the head of a family which since 1724 has enjoyed the exclusive privilege of making bank note paper for the Bank of England.

ROYAL HOW D'Y-DOES.

Etiquette Demands That Sovereigns Shall Not Do as Other People.

If you were a mere monarch you would have to salute each person according to rules laid down painfully by men who have studied these things out for you and your brother monarchs.

Were you the Emperor of Austria the only sign of your friendship that you could give to an ordinary mortal would be to bend your head slightly and smile faintly. You might give your hand to other sovereigns or to ministers or particular friends, but ceremony prescribes that if you do such a rare thing you must merely lay your august fingers into their trembling palms and then withdraw them. If they act after the ceremony as if frost-bitten you have lived up to the traditions of the imperial house.

The czar is permitted to give his hand to rulers only. But he has a great comfort. It is not only his prerogative, but his duty, according to court etiquette, to kiss his cousins, and as most of his cousins are females, it is a duty that is the reverse of unpleasant. There was terrible trouble among the old ladies of the Russian court when President Faure of France was on his way to make a visit to St. Petersburg. "He is a ruler," said one, "consequently our august master must shake him by the hand. 'No!' said others, shocked beyond measure. "No! His father was only a person in trade and he himself was only a tanner. Our czar cannot shake such a creature by the hand!"

So acute did this question become, his majesty finally received the president in private and his form of greeting was kept secret.—Tit-Bits.

The Bigness of the Ocean.

Some people gratefully reflect that we owe the clouds and the tides and the winds to the "Mother and Maker of men," but those are less numerous than the folks who "would like to know" what we should do for soles and cod and mackerel if there were no ocean. You think only how big it is! If you divide the whole globe's area into 11 parts the sea covers eight of those, with an average depth of 2000 fathoms. Try to imagine 12,000 feet of solid, perpendicular sea water lying upon eight-elevenths of the entire planet.

A patient mathematician has been at the pains to inform us that this bulk of brine would weigh one and a half million million millions of tons. For the most part this vast body of water—thus set down in figures as 1,500,000,000,000,000 tons—is of the same composition everywhere, and, as everybody knows, carries great quantities of ocean salt. But that same salt is itself singularly complex. Not only are there in it chlorides and sulphates of sodium, potash, magnesium and lime, which are familiar to many, but it contains also silica, boron, bromide, iodine, fluorine acid and the oxides of nickel, cobalt, manganese, zinc, silver, lead, copper, aluminum, barium and strontium. Arsenic and gold are also found in it, along with those rare metals lithium, rubidium and cesium. —London Telegraph.

Artificial Cotton in Austria.

There have been many attempts to produce artificial cotton. In the neighborhood of Reichenberg, in Bohemia, a process is said to have been invented for making artificial cotton from the wood of the fir tree. It appears that the wood is reduced to thin shavings, which are placed in a washing apparatus, exposed to the influence of steam for 10 hours. They are then subjected to a strong preparation of sodium lye, and are heated under great pressure for 36 hours. The wood is now changed to pure cellulose, and to give this a greater resisting power some castor oil, caffeine and gelatin are added. The substance is then put into an apparatus and made into threads, which are reeled.

Old Records Found in Wales.

One of the most interesting literary finds was the discovery in Swansea castle, about 50 years ago, of the original contract of alliance between Edward of Carnarvon, Prince of Wales, and Isabella, daughter of Philip the Fair of France, dated at Paris, May 20, 1305. It was previously known that when Edward II fled from Bristol for Lundy and was driven by contrary winds to land in Swansea bay, he deposited a number of the national archives in Swansea castle for safety. When the records of the castle were seized it is probable that the document mentioned was left behind. The discovery was made by Mr. George Grant Francis of Burrows Lodge, Swansea.—Cardiff Western Mail.

Sarcasm of Thomas A'kins.

Here is a passage from a soldier's letter, forwarded to us by his father: "De Wet seems one too many for the British cordon, as he has got through with 1500 men, and will doubtless begin to worry the railway line again. One of our majors says that the best thing to do would be to offer him a professorship at Sandhurst to teach tactics."—London Daily News.



Few Statues to Women.

There are only four statues in the United Kingdom erected to the memory of women other than royalties. The first statue of a woman erected in England was that of Sister Dora, the 'Walsall nurse'; the second was that of Mrs. Siddons; the third Flora MacDonald, and the fourth that unveiled at Dunoon a year or two ago in memory of Burns' "Highland Mary."—Tit-Bits.

Woman Chosen as Sculptor.

Miss Gail Sherman of Syracuse, N. Y., has been chosen as the sculptor of the monument to be erected in that city to the memory of Hamilton S. White. The memorial calls for a granite arch base, with a bronze pedestal and bust of Mr. White, also in bronze. At the sides of the monument there will be bronze figures. Miss Sherman will do her work in New York City in order to receive criticisms from French and St. Gaudens, both of whom have promised to aid her.

Mr. White was known as the citizen chief of the fire department of Syracuse, and gave his services without compensation for 20 years. He met his death while fighting the flames at a fire in March, 1899. Twelve thousand dollars has been subscribed for the memorial. Miss Sherman obtained her art education in New York City and in Paris.

The Use of Perfumes.

All strong, overpowering odors are tabooed by the woman of taste and judgment. Instead she finds out what odor is most agreeable to her and at the same time delicate, and she uses no other. Her glove box, her veil case, the sachet bags, her hat box, bureau drawers, the "hangers" upon which her gowns are suspended and the paper upon which she writes her letters and notes are all redolent with her favorite perfume—it speaks of her, and she herself with every movement of person, every swish of her garments exhales this delicate, very delicate, odor.

Strong perfume is very offensive to people of refinement, and the use is subject to the reproach of concealing some more offensive odor.

Violet, carnation rose, heliotrope and muguet are the favorite perfumes of the modern woman, from which she makes her own selection, and each odor may be got, not only in perfume, but in sachet powder, in soap, and in other toilette requisites as well.—American Queen.

Cultured Empress Haruko.

Empress Haruko of Japan attains her fifty-first birthday in May, being two years older than her husband, and is a woman of remarkable character, as her face plainly shows. Since receiving the crown her prime object has been the amelioration of the Japanese woman's position. She has founded several colleges for young women and made herself famous throughout two continents by opening up at Tokio the much-talked-of woman's hospital. It is also due to her that Japanese women have abandoned the barbarous habit of blackening their teeth and shaving off their eyebrows.

But the empress's public work has never caused her to neglect her duties as wife and mother. A more devoted couple cannot be found in the island, and the emperor has frequently shown his fondness for her by dedicating poems "to my darling Haruko." He has implicit confidence in her judgment. No matter of state is ever settled without first having been talked over with the empress.—Chicago Record.

Care of the Teeth.

If the teeth are neglected they will decay, and indigestion and a foul breath are sure to follow. If the teeth are decayed the inability to masticate food follows, and the food, not being properly masticated, cannot be properly digested, hence a foul breath. Even in small children the teeth should never be neglected, and mothers should, with the appearance of the very first, care for them. As soon as a baby is old enough it should be taught how to brush its teeth. The first teeth, when neglected, infect their successors which are first to appear, and when once the mischief is begun it is very difficult to stop. A moderately soft brush is preferable to one with stiff bristles, and for a cleanser a powder of pulverized chalk and castile soap in equal parts, flavored with peppermint or wintergreen, in the very best possible thing to use. Occasionally a little table salt may be used. This will whiten the teeth and harden the gums. Do not use, or allow children to use, any of the tooth washes generally advertised. Their use injures the teeth beyond repair by eating off the enamel, which nothing can replace. For an excellent mouthwash tincture of myrrh can be

used. This can also be obtained in small quantities at any drug store, and its occasional use is beneficial in hardening the gums and sweetening the mouth generally.—Mrs. Mary Easton, in American Queen.

Styles for the Spring Season.

Never were there more novelties in hosiery and underwear than the shops are showing at the present time. It seems settled that fancy stockings are to be worn almost exclusively, and that colors are to take precedence of black. Color has appeared in jersey underwear, too, in an entirely new character, and is guaranteed not to fade. Even union suits now can be bought in light blue, pink, lavender and ecru.

The straight front corset is growing in popularity, and the indications are that the old styles will have disappeared entirely in another year. Summer corsets in girle and empire fashions are shown in large quantities, so it is evident that the merchants expect a demand for them.

The straight front corset has necessitated a "straight front petticoat," and the new skirts of fine quality are cut to fit the figure produced by it. Embroidery is more often seen on these dainty skirts than lace, and hem-stitching and tucks appear on many. The white skirt will be worn the coming summer in preference to silk, owing to the vogue that thin white goods are certain to have in gowns.

Corset covers are the flimsiest, most artistic creations imaginable, to suit the extreme delicacy of the coming shirtwaist. They, too, are made to conform to the straight front corset model, being longer in front.

Some lovely new nightdresses have boleros of fine embroidery or lace. Others have fichu and surplice arrangements, and still others are made like babies' long dresses, with front breadth ornamented by rows of insertion.

Silk skirts, like the white, are being fitted to the new corset, and are so perfectly adjusted to the dress skirt that the sheath effect is increased. Many of them would serve admirably as drop skirts under the transparent fabrics that are to be so popular. It will be imperative in the spring, that the petticoat shall fit as correctly as the dress skirt, otherwise the latter will be spoiled in effect. The sheath-like fashion is firmly established, and the princess skirt, which is one of the spring novelties, will accentuate the clinging character of the gown, so that the slightest fullness in the petticoat, elsewhere than a trifle at the back, would mar the smoothness beyond hope.

Most ornate effects are seen in the chemises worn by many fashionable women. They are really a combination of corset cover and underwear in a woman's wardrobe. The present mode has no waste of material, and falls almost without a fold from bust to knee. The upper part is trimmed daintily, and the lower is ruffled and inserted and tucked. The material is finest nainsook, and everything pertaining to the garment must be of corresponding delicacy.—New York Tribune.



Crepe de chine is considered a fad for bridal gowns.

Among the latest importations are white satin dinner gowns elaborately embroidered with jet.

Among effective warm weather fabrics already on hand is the printed mercerized batiste in new snake effect designs.

High crowned and broad trimmed hats are in prospect for the coming season as a suitable accompaniment for the wide lace collars.

Slightly mercerized silk and linen fabrics in dainty monochromes and stripes are among the inexpensive materials for spring shirtwaists.

Perhaps the latest eruption of Napoleonic emblems is seen in the Empire wreaths cut out of cloth edged with gold thread. These are arranged to overlap each other in a taffeta foundation.

White and tinted chiffon, in the forms of various kinds of flowers, some with jewelled centres and petals simulating dewdrops, will be used on some of the handsomest of the evening round hats for spring wear.

Lacing with ribbon, cord and bands of taffeta silk is still one of the modish features of our gowns, and it decorates collars, cuffs, belts and skirts as well. The dressmaker may use her own taste about the disposition of it, but she will find that she can produce some very pretty effects in a simple way.

Black mousseline de soie, button-holed with lustreless black silk around the edges, is used for draping and trimming mourning bonnets and toques. In place of the stiff crimped blue-white ruche inside the widow's cap appears a delicate pleating of white chiffon, or a shirring of crepe lisse, sewed in beneath the small brim.

QUEEN'S PECULIARITIES.

VICTORIA ONE OF THE WORLD'S SHREWDEST BUSINESS WOMEN.

Why She Was Called "Close-fisted"—Considered Extravagance One of the Greatest Sins—Had an Abhorrence of Curiosity—Disliked Showy Garments.

Fate was kind to permit Queen Victoria to die at Osborne, which was her own property, associated with her greatest happiness, the late Prince Albert, for a retreat where he and his wife could retire and enjoy rest from official cares and escape from the responsibilities that attend those who wear crowns and handle scepters.

Osborne is not an official residence. It was the private home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wettin, and has since been occupied by Mrs. Wettin on every anniversary of her marriage and her husband's death. There was seldom a more affectionate attachment between husband and wife. Kings and queens are not allowed to love and marry like common folks and are often compelled to sacrifice their happiness for reasons of state, but Victoria was fortunate in this respect. Like any other girl she fell in love, and the interests of the nation were promoted by her choice of a lover. He was an exemplary husband, which cannot be said of every prince, and as a wife and a widow the only thought in her mind, next to the welfare of her people was the happiness of her husband and her children.

As it was sanctified by association with her husband, she endeavored to preserve the privacy of Osborne so far as possible, and her ministers were forbidden to bring business there except when it was absolutely necessary. Prince Albert was the architect of the castle and superintended its construction. His artistic taste appears in all the decorations, which he designed, even to the china upon the table, which is different from that used at the other residences of the queen. It does not bear the royal crest, but only a garland of flowers and a monogram made of their initials, "A." and "V." intertwined. The bedrooms at Osborne were finished in old-fashioned chintz of the patterns of 40 years ago. Prince Albert selected it at some shop in London, and the queen would never permit it to be changed. The garden around the castle was laid out by him and remains the same to this day, with beds of old-fashioned flowers which he admired and planted with his own hand. The cabins of the royal yacht are decorated with the same chintz that appears in the bedrooms.

Thoughtless people have sneered at Queen Victoria for selling milk, turkeys and other farm products raised upon her estate at Osborne, but this custom was commenced by Prince Albert, shortly after their marriage, and, like everything else with which he was associated, it has remained unchanged. The hotels at Cowes, Ryde and other summer resorts on the Isle of Wight and many of the private residents bought their milk and butter, their potatoes and beans, their lettuce and early peas, their hay and fodder from Queen Victoria, and for so long a time that it has ceased to be a subject of comment except as casual visitors hear of it from the market gardeners in the neighborhood, who are always grumbling about the competition of their queen.

Under her careful management—and she was one of the shrewdest business women in the world—the farm at Osborne paid a large profit, larger perhaps than any other estate of its kind in the united kingdom. She reckoned every penny that was put into it, and required an accounting of every penny that came out. She has been called stingy and "close-fisted," but there was something more in the practice of those habits by her imperial majesty than the love of money.

An American lady who frequently enjoyed the entre to Windsor castle during the diplomatic service of her husband at the court of St. James tells with great interest of a conversation she once had with the queen upon this subject. The salary of the president of the United States happened to be mentioned, and the American lady expressed the popular regret that the ruler of our country was not more liberally provided for, particularly because our presidents were always men without means of their own. To her surprise the queen dissented and declared that it was doubtless a good thing for the country to limit the expenditures of the president because it required him to set an example of economy to the people of the nation. While she did not advocate parsimony, she considered extravagance one of the greatest of sins, particularly among people whose habits and manners were imitated by others, and said that throughout her life, so far as the requirements of her position would permit, she had endeavored to teach her subjects that economy was not only honorable, but advantageous to every one. She alluded to the public ridicule she had suffered, but explained that it served a good purpose by emphasizing her economical habits and keeping them before the attention of the people.

There was never a more careful and exact woman than Victoria. She was

a model housekeeper and the burden of the cares of state never tempted her to relinquish the management of her several households. She knew everything that was going on within the several palaces assigned to the crown and on her private estates at Osborne and Balmoral. Every article of linen and bedding, every carpet, rug and curtain at Windsor, Buckingham, Hampton, Osborne and Balmoral was numbered and catalogued, and all purchases were reported to her and received her approval before the bills were paid by the lord steward. The china was as carefully looked after as the gold and silver plate, and the servants at Windsor say that her majesty knew whenever they cracked a teacup.

She had many peculiarities. One of them was an abhorrence of curiosity, and people admitted to her presence were often warned by the ladies or gentlemen in waiting that the exhibition of unusual interest in any subject pertaining to her or to the affairs of state was displeasing to her majesty. The same feeling extended to servants. New employees about the castle were specially instructed not to look at the queen when they entered her room or to show any interest in her movements. The stolid indifference of the East Indians is said to have been the reason for her preference for them as personal attendants. Another peculiarity was her dislike of conspicuous garments. Those who were in the habit of attending the queen were frequently made aware of this and her maids of honor and ladies in waiting were always careful never to wear a gown or ornament that was at all conspicuous or drew their hair in any way to attract attention.

In the pantries and corridors in the private part of Windsor castle were a set of printed rules for the observance of the servants which are said to have been penned by her majesty's own hand. They were neatly printed and framed, and hung where they were constantly before the eyes of those for whom they were intended. They were:

- "Profane no divine ordinances."
- "Touch not state matters."
- "Urge no healths."
- "Pick no quarrels."
- "Maintain no ill opinions."
- "Encourage no vice."
- "Repeat no grievances."
- "Reveal no secrets."
- "Make no comparisons."
- "Keep no bad company."
- "Make no long meals."
- "Lay no wagers."

Every Sunday, no matter where she may have been, two small silver salt cellars were placed on the luncheon table where the queen could see them. These were given to her years ago on a special occasion by her faithful attendant, John Brown, and they appeared every Sunday after on the royal luncheon table.

Her memory was marvelous. She never forgot anything, and never allowed anything to be destroyed. She preserved every paper that came into her hands, and, although she gave away many gowns and other things from her wardrobe, she never forgot the article or the recipient, and nothing pleased her so much as to have it worn in her presence by the person to whom it had been given. This she considered satisfactory evidence of gratitude and appreciation, but the ladies of the bed chamber, whose memories were not so accurate, were accustomed to be reprimanded frequently for not being able to produce any gown or hat that her majesty had worn upon any particular occasion that suited her fancy. She is said to have the largest wardrobe of any woman in the world, thousands of dresses of the richest fabrics, carefully laid away in cedar chests, the accumulation of half a century, which doubtless will some time be a valuable addition to Kensington museum, as illustrating the changes of fashion during the long period of her reign.—Chicago Record.

Manufacturing Sulphuric Acid.

A great change seems imminent in the manufacture of sulphuric acid. The well known Baden aniline and soda factory has patented a most important improvement in the production of this substance. By this new process there is an immense saving in fuel, and the expensive platinum apparatus is no longer necessary. More important still is the fact that no saltpeter is required by the new process. Saltpeter is of such enormous value for agricultural and technical purposes that any economy in its use must be welcomed, the more so as the saltpeter fields will, in the course of time, be exhausted.

Occupation for the Blind.

Another avenue of usefulness has been opened recently to the blind, in the constantly increasing popularity of massage as treatment for disease. A movement has been begun in London to establish a training school in massage to raise funds to secure rooms later in some central situation, where patients could go for treatment by the blind masseurs and masseuses. A few who have been trained have acquired a high degree of skill.

"APE OF DEATH."

The Cause of Sleep and the Cure of Sleeplessness.

I have been perusing a learned and highly interesting lecture by Sir James Sawyer, M. D., on a topic which possesses a deep interest for all physiologists and for most other folks as well—I mean that of sleep and sleeplessness. The average mortal scarcely comprehends how little we really know about the exact nature of the "Ape of Death," as Shakespeare terms that state wherein we pass peacefully into the Land of Nod. It is not only the cause of sleep which constitutes a scientific puzzle; the cure of sleeplessness is another matter which doubles a difficulty that before was single. There is no doubt that a sleeping brain receives less blood than a waking one. Durham's observations settled that point long ago, and subsequent observers inclined to this idea that they had explained what sleep is when they had asserted the anæmic state of the brain as its real cause. But it is obvious that while our brain increases its blood supply when we wake, as conversely it diminishes that supply when we go to sleep, these facts do not lead us to the vera causa at all. They are conditions merely, and not causes. The movements of a door are not to be explained by saying that it moves on its hinges. What we desire to know is what sets the door in motion. And so with sleep. Beyond this question of the brain's blood supply, we have to face that of the brain's constitution. It is only by dipping into the brain's structure that we are able to gain some adequate idea regarding the real conditions that regulate the opening and the shutting of the mental door.

When brain cells are carefully studied in their different phases of activity and repose they are seen to undergo certain remarkable changes in shape. The processes or branches through which contact is made between one cell and another are seen to be retracted in the resting state, while in activity they are extended. However, the changes in question are brought about we may conclude that it is the switching off of the brain cells from each other and the breaking of the contacts necessary for the carrying on of their work which represents the true cause of sleep. Fatigue of the brain cell is thus the dominant note of repose, and the mechanism whereby that repose is secured is seen at work in the retraction of their branches. It is all just like a telephone exchange in this respect, where we find contracts made and broken continually in the active work of the centre. At night the connections are practically severed, and such as may be made in the case of the brain exchange carrying on the work of dreaming, they represent the work of the night shift of the brain. If this view of sleep be correct, we see more clearly than ever that our resting period must represent a habit, just as sleeplessness in its essence is a habit of another kind. We break into the cycle of sleep when we suffer from insomnia and substitute another habit for that of repose. What our doctors do for us is to negative the vicious habit by replacing that of sleep, but his labor, hoc opus est. With Sancho Panza, in truth, we may well agree when he exclaims: "God bless the man that first invented sleep!"—Dr. Andrew Wilson, in the London Chronicle.

Formality of Royalty in Sport.

Many of the old time formalities, however, were abolished to a certain extent, although the Prince Consort when on shooting would never take his gun from the hands of a gamekeeper, but required that it should be handed to him by an equerry, and the Queen was so strict that at the table she required all personal attendance done by the ladies and gentlemen of her court. It is related that when Victoria visited Louis Philippe in the Chateau d'Eau, in 1843, the King having heard that it was her habit to drink a glass of water before retiring for the night, ordered that one should be taken to her. It was presented by a servant, but her majesty declined to take it. Seeing that there was something wrong, Louis Philippe whispered to one of his sons, who took the tray, whereupon the Queen took the glass graciously enough. During the Queen's visit to Paris, in 1855, when Napoleon III. was in the glory of his magnificence, she was treated by her host not merely as a fellow monarch, but as a lady.—Detroit Free Press.

Teeth Came Out First.

"I—I think I must have made a mistake," said the man who stood in the door of the dental parlors and looked about him.

"Perhaps so," replied the dentist, who was sharpening up a gum-cutting lancet.

"My wife, you know, has been teasing me for the last five years to get my photograph taken, and this morning I finally set out to have it done."

"And got in the wrong shop," said the dentist.

"I see this is no photograph gallery."

"No."

"But a dental parlor?"

"Yes."

"Well, I've made a mistake, but I'm glad of it. Here, let me sit down and have three teeth yanked out, and I'll put the old photo off for another five years."—Chicago News.

TURNING TO LEFT.

Instinct Possessed Both by Man and the Lower Animals.

Instinct has been defined as a sort of inherited knowledge peculiar to the lower animals. That man possesses many analogous traits we all know; but there is one so subtly engrafted in his nature that, under certain circumstances, he is unconsciously made to act in precisely the same manner as the wild animal, and that is in circle-traveling. It is a peculiar instinct which causes wild animals, when pursued for any considerable distance, always to travel in a circle; and man, when lost on the veldt, the prairies, or in the forest, unconsciously becomes controlled by the same instinct and is made to bend his course and travel in a circle, and return to the same place from whence he started. A notable instance of this is mentioned by Mr. Catlin, an American traveler of repute, which occurred while ascending the upper Missouri. He had left the steamer on which he had been sailing up the river, with the object of reaching an Indian village by making a short-cut across a prairie on foot, accompanied only by a single attendant. "In our course," said Mr. Catlin, "we had a prairie of some thirty miles to cross; and the second day, being dark and cloudy, we had no object by which to guide our course, having no compass with me at the time. During the first day the sun shone, and we kept our course very well; but on the next morning, though we started right (laid our course), we no doubt soon began to bend, notwithstanding that we appeared to be progressing in a straight line. There was nothing to be seen about us but short grass, everywhere the same; and in the distance a straight line, the horizon, all around us. Late in the afternoon, and when we were very much fatigued we came upon the very spot, to our surprise, where we had bivouacked the night before, and which we had left on that morning. We had turned to the left and no doubt had traveled all day in a circle. The next day, having the sunshine, we laid (and kept) our course without any difficulty. On arriving at the Sioux village and relating our singular adventure, the Indians laughed at us very heartily, and all the chiefs united in assuring me that whenever a man is lost on the prairies he travels in a circle, and also that he invariably turns to the left; of which singular fact I have become doubly convinced by subsequent proofs similar to the one mentioned.—Chamber's Journal.

The output of British mines and quarries rose from 11,000,000 tons in 1801 to 55,000,000 tons in 1850, and at present reaches 280,000,000 tons, of which 220,000,000 tons are coal.

TO BUILDERS!

CLOSING OUT SALE OF LUMBER!

Having disposed of my warehouse hay shed, I will continue the

Lumber and Coal

Business at the old stand, and desiring to CLOSE OUT this business I wish to inform the public that my stock of LUMBER is COMPLETE, consisting of White and Yellow Pine of all kinds, Cypress, Poplar and Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling of all kinds, White Pine, Hemlock and Cypress Shingles, Roofing Slate, Sash, Doors and Blinds, which I will sell at bottom prices, and as lumber has advanced, it will be to your interest to call and get prices before buying elsewhere. Also a big lot of locust posts, hewed and in the rough. A. SHEELY, Pitt St., New Oxford, Pa.

FINE HORSES

on hand at all time.

For Sale or Exchange

—AT—

C. J. SMITH'S

Sale and Exchange

Stables,

HANOVER.

I would respectfully call the attention of the general public to the fact that I have just received a nice lot of

DRIVING and WORK HORSES.

some of them good leaders.

C. J. SMITH,

Chestnut St., opp. Braddock's Warehouse,

HANOVER, PA.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.

Z. H. CASHMAN.

At the Brick Warehouse, HANOVER

ST., NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy and

sell all kinds of

Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats,

Potatoes, Bran, Middlings,

Coop, etc., Also

The Best Brands of Flour,

Coarse and Fine Salt, etc.,

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Free delivery to any part of the borough.

Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday afternoon for Baltimore. Returning leaves Hiram Station every Friday at 4 o'clock p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES K. YEAGER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

Deeds, bonds, mortgages, wills and all kinds of legal papers promptly and correctly written.

J. L. WILLIAMS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in Stangler building, 100 West Baltimore Street.

W. M. H. ASH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

All legal business will receive prompt attention at office at Gettysburg, Pa. Office in Baltimore street opposite Court House.

DR. H. RUSS BLACK,

DENTIST—Office in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. F. B. Lange, No. 1

Carlisle Street, HANOVER, PA.

DR. WM. HOLLINGER,

DENTIST—Office and Residence, ABBOTSTOWN, PA.

Will be at Sunday's hotel, New Oxford, every Wednesday. All the latest appliances.

S. S. NEELY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg,

Pa. Office on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank.

WM. MCSHERRY, Jr.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg,

Adams county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite court house.

J. L. BUTT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg,

Pa. Office with J. A. Kitzmiller, on second floor of Spangler building on Baltimore street. Prompt attention given to settlement of estates of decedents, minors, etc.; also to conveying, liens and collections.

MCPHERSON & MCPHERSON,

John B. McPherson, Donald P. McPherson.

Attorneys-at-Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

Office on second floor of "Star and Sentinel" building. Will attend promptly to all legal business submitted to them.

G. J. BENNER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg,

Pa. Offices on Baltimore street, in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Breneman's Drug Store.

HOTELS.

Hotel Dewey...

J. B. McMASTER, Proprietor.

229 South George Street.

...YORK, PA.

Good Accommodations at Moderate Charge.

Bar stocked with Choice Wines and Liquors. House re-furnished and refitted throughout. Give me a call.

CENTRAL HOTEL.

ELIAS FISSEL, Prop.

(Formerly of Globe Hotel).

Baltimore St., GETTYSBURG, PA.

Two doors from Court House.

Modern Improvements—St. am Heat, Electric Light, Cold Water—all through the house.

Closets and Bath Rooms on Every Floor.

Seton & Fleming's Livery is connected with this Hotel. Good Teams and Competent Guides for the Battlefield. Charges Moderate. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

EAGLE HOTEL, New Oxford.

Frank Fleishman, Proprietor.

House thoroughly refitted and re-furnished. The bar stocked with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars, while the table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market affords. Ample stabling.

HOTEL YANTIS,

One Sq. from Depot, Littlestown, Pa.

G. BROOK YANTIS, Prop'r.

New House, New Furniture, Old Landlord. Up-to-date and first-class throughout.

MARSHALL HOUSE, York, Pa.

Acquiring the Court House.

John S. Baugkman, Proprietor.

The bar is stocked with Choice Wines, Beer and Liquors, and fine brands of Cigars. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Free Bus to and from trains. Extensive stabling attached to the hotel.

GEO. F. RABINE,

Practical Barber and Hairdresser,

Eagle Hotel Building,

Centre Square, New Oxford, Pa.

Having opened a first-class Barber Shop in the above named place, I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

GIVE ME A CALL.

AUCTIONEERING.

GEO. L. COLESTOCK

Offers his service to the public as Auctioneer, Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice address, New OXFORD, Adams county, Pa.

... ESTABLISHED, 1871 ...

Rinehart, Childs & Briggs,

Howard and Franklin Sts.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Flour and Produce

Commission House.

Solicit consignments of Pork, Lard,

Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c. Guarantee full market prices and immediate returns with the cash. Refer to Z. H.

CASHMAN, New Oxford, Pa.

New Chester Items.

Rev. Cyrus E. Held handed in his resignation last Sunday, having received a call to take a charge in the city of Shenandoah. He expects to leave May 1st. He leaves behind many friends who regret his departure from this community.

Services in the Reformed church Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

New Chester is still growing in industries, Mr. G. F. Trimmer having established a squad market and wishes everybody to give him a trial.

S. F. Creager and son, have taken charge of the Reliance Roller Mills, of this place.

Miss Ella McCreary is spending a few weeks with friends in this place.

Rev. G. J. M. Ketter and wife are circulating among friends in this place.

A Century of War.

The New York World says that the most lamentable distinction of the nineteenth century is that it has been a century of war.

In the 16 major wars fought since 1800 by the seven leading civilized nations among themselves 4,620,000 lives have been lost and \$24,700,000,000 has been expended (of which \$8,500,000,000 was paid out from the United States Treasury for the Civil War alone). Including the minor wars and those waged by and with semi-civilized people, the human slaughter bill for the century amounts to \$40,000,000,000 and the lives lost are numbered at about 9,000,000. Adding to this vast inventory of destruction the individual losses not paid by Governments, incurred by the destruction of private property, and the lives irregularly lost and not officially reported, the total cost to the world of the wars of the nineteenth century is computed at over \$200,000,000,000 and 10,000,000 lives. The annual sum now being expended in maintaining the armies and navies of the leading powers on a peace footing, numbering over 3,000,000 men, is about \$1,200,000,000. And this means that we began the twentieth century with an annual expenditure for war purposes on land and sea that is equivalent to the value of constant labor of at least 8,000,000 men employed in peaceful occupations.

From the Spectator of November 26, 1845: "We learn that the fine brick barn belonging to Henry Hemler, near New Oxford, Adams county, was burnt to the ground, together with its contents, on Thursday last, the 20th instant. Mr. Hemler, it appears, undertook to shoot a steer, which he had fattened for a beef, in one of the stalls, and before he had time to remove him, it was discovered that the entire building was enveloped in flames. It is supposed that the flash from the pan of the gun must have communicated to the hay mow immediately above from where he fired. The whole loss is estimated at \$1,500.

'TIS EASY TO FEEL GOOD.—Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. King's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken.—Only 25c at Randolph Wehler's drug store.

The Emmitsburg Chronicle says: A gentleman who does not reside many miles from this place, sent his son to Messrs. Hoke & Sebold, merchants and general dealers, with a sack, containing the wool taken from one sheep. The young man returned to his father a small handful of money, the amount received for the wool. His father counted the money, and as the amount was so much more than he expected to receive, he came to the conclusion that his sack surely contained a sheep, besides the wool. On investigation eight large phosphate sacks were found in the sack with the wool. Eighteen cents a pound is a fair price for phosphate sacks.

George Senft, aged 17 years, of near Hanover Junction, was shot on Saturday night by one of a crowd of Loganville boys with whom Senft and some of his friends had an altercation. The shot took effect in the left breast but the wound is not considered dangerous.

JOB COULDN'T HAVE STOOD IT.—If he'd had itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Randolph Wehler.

HOTEL Gettysburg,

MERVILLE E. ZINN, Propr,
CENTER SQUARE, - GETTYSBURG.

Having leased the above Hotel I would be pleased to have my friends call to see me when in Gettysburg.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF AMELIA SMITH.—The undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Miss Amelia Smith, late of Conowingo township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

3-1-6t

JOHN KERRIGAN, Executor.

DISOLUTION NOTICE.....

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of Diehl & Sponseller, in the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

CURTIS SPONSELLER,
CURTIS E. DIEHL.

Persons having claims against the above are requested to present them for payment, and those knowing themselves indebted to same will please make settlement on or before the 1st day of April, 1901.

The business will be continued as heretofore by the undersigned.

CURTIS E. DIEHL.

NOTICE for Amendment of Charter.

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Adams, Pennsylvania.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made by The First Evangelical Lutheran Church of New Oxford, to the Court of Common Pleas, of the County aforesaid, on the 27th day of April 1901, under the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 26th, 1871, and its supplements, for the approval and allowance of certain amendments to the charter of said corporation as set forth in the petition therefor filed in said Court.

Wm. & Wm. ARCH McCLELLAN, Solicitors.

BOROUGH ACCOUNT

For year ending March 4, 1901

J. E. C. Miller, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of New Oxford, Pa.

DEBTOR.—BOROUGH.

Balance from last audit	\$ 178 78
Rec'd from Taxes, 1900	549 72
" Taxes, 1899	32 01
" Insurance	3 39
" Borough Licenses	228 09
" Hotel Licenses	5 60
" Fines	15 00
" Payment, (J. O. S.)	15 00
	\$1620 38

DEBTOR.—WATER.

Balance from last audit	\$ 419 81
Rec'd from Water Rent	611 66
" Taxes, 1899	32 01
" Taxes, 1900	549 72
	\$1620 38

CR.—BOROUGH.

Paid for Auditing	\$ 3 00
Illuminating Oil, &c.	120 05
Spalls, &c.	4 50
Painting and Carpentering	13 11
Serving notices	4 00
Lighting	115 11
Labor	32 73
Printing and publishing	9 29
Final payment on horse	200 00
Sec'y salary	25 00
Treas. fees '99-'00	9 05
Blacksmithing	3 13
Atty. fees, '99 and '00	49 00
Repairing stoves, clock, etc.	9 25
Lumber and coal	46 97
Hardware, &c.	24 05
Surveying	4 00
Lamps	29 14
Freight	10 45
Brick	43 75
Masonry	13 49
Sand	30 80
Printing, publishing and transcription ordinances	30 00
Crossing plates, etc.	13 88
Crossing stone	33 10
Recording charter	5 00
Postage, fares, &c.	5 00
Winding clock	12 00
Police Salary	15 00
Janitor's Salary, engine house	30 00
Balance in treasury	11 67
	\$1620 38

CR.—WATER.

Paid for pumping and incidental expenses	\$ 110 74
Treas. salary, '00	8 34
Interest on Bonds	561 00
Sec'y, collecting, etc.	25 00
Battery and Gauge	5 14
Oil, etc.	65 14
Tapping, etc.	107 15
Labor	9 85
Printing, Publishing, Stationery, &c.	9 00
State tax on Bonds	56 40
Balance in Treasury	716 42
	\$1620 38

RECAPITULATION.

Received from all sources	\$3638 99
Expenses for all purposes	1970 90
Balance in Treasury	728 09
Outstanding Taxes	20 20

Deposited of Water Act. at 3 per ct, \$400 00

W. E. the undersigned, Auditors of the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., having been duly sworn according to law, report that we have examined the foregoing accounts of the Treasurer of said Borough of New Oxford for the year ending March 4, 1901, and we find the above accounts correct, with the outstanding taxes \$20 20—\$10 07 borough taxes and \$9 93 water taxes.

E. E. DITZLER, } Auditors.
W. A. WOLF, }

New Oxford, March 4, 1901.

OHIO & KENTUCKY Horses



Monday, April 8th,

I will receive a car load of Ohio and Kentucky Horses, Workers and drivers, also a few fine Saddlers.

I have also a fine lot of Broken Males on hand.

Call and see my stock before buying elsewhere.

H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

NEW OPEEING

APRIL 16th, 1901.

Of The

RELIABLE
BARGAIN
CLOTHING
HOUSE

Carlisle Street,

New Oxford, Pa.

Room formerly occupied by M. G. Colestock.

We have a Fine Line of

NEW SPRING CLOTHING at Sacrifice Prices.

WE buy our clothing direct from the manufacturers, and can sell you cheaper than any other store.

Look At These Prices:

Men's Clay Worsted Suit at \$8.00. Worth \$10.
Men's Fine Casimere Suits \$6.48, Worth \$8.
Men's Gray Hair Line Suits \$4.98, Worth \$7.
Men's Brown Suits \$3.48, Worth \$5.
Men's Knockabout Suits at \$1.98, Worth \$4.
YOUTHS' SUITS FROM \$2.00 UP TO \$5.00.
CHILDREN'S SUITS FROM 75c UP TO \$3.00.
Men's Shirts 49c, Worth 75c. Men's Shirts 29c, Worth 50c.
Men's Shirts at 25c, Worth 40c.

Men's and Boys' Hats.

..... Latest Styles at Lowest prices.

Suspenders Worth 25c for 15c. Suspenders Worth 15c for 10c.
MEN'S HALF HOSE 6 PAIRS FOR 25c.

N. H. KIRSSIN,
CARLISLE STREET, - - NEW OXFORD, PA.

This space reserved
for Curtis E. Diehl's
advertisement.

::: THEO. E. WARNER :::

HAS MADE

A BIG DROP IN BEEF

by the Quarter, for the Fall season, at his Meat Store next to Sheely & Bro.'s dry goods store, CENTER SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

On account of the drop in the cattle market I am able to sell beef, by the quarter and half quarter at the following prices:

Hind Quarter 8 to 9c. Front Quarter 6 to 6 1-2c.
Neck and Chuck for sausage 7 to 8c. Any one needing Sausage Meat will save money by coming to see me before buying elsewhere.
Will pay 6c per pound for Pork this week.
I am buying beef hides and paying from 6 to 8c per lb for them this week.
Don't forget and come to see me for Beef this fall.

James Adams, of North Middleton township, Cumberland county, returning from his work found a package on his porch. He opened it and found a well-dressed baby girl about four weeks old. There was nothing to show who put the babe on the step. It was sent to the County Home.

A TESTIMONIAL FROM OLD ENGLAND.—"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." Sold by all druggists.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

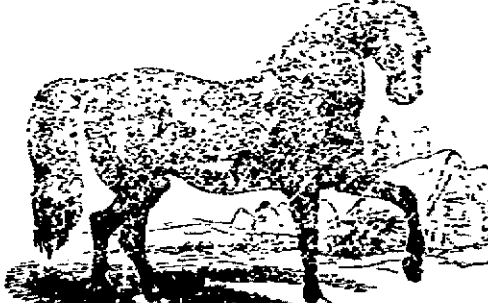
NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned that the Administrators Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance on SATURDAY, the 20th day of APRIL, 1901, at 10 o'clock, a. m., viz:

1. The first and final account of Daniel F. Stitzel, Administrator of the estate of Jacob H. Kinter, late of Littleton township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
2. The first and final account of Philip Sterner, Administrator of the estate of Catharine Wehler, late of Conowingo township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
3. The first and final account of Hanna Minter and Wm. F. Minter, Executors of the estate of John Minter, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
4. The first account of Henry J. Trostle and Geo. H. Trostle, Executors of the last will and testament of Abraham Trostle, late of the Borough of York Springs, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
5. The first and final account of Amos C. Jacobs and Samuel C. Jacobs, Executors of Solomon Jacobs, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
6. The first and final account of A. E. Wiernman, Administrator of Alfred A. Wiernman, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
7. The first and final account of J. L. Butt, Administrator of the estate of Jacob Wehler, late of Cumbe land township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
8. First and final account of Frank Hester, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Hemler, late of the Borough of Mo-Sterisstown, Adams county, Pa., deceased.
9. First and final account of Charles H. Wilson, Administrator of Sarah M. Wilson, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased.
10. The first and final account of Mahala E. Delap, now Trimmer, Executrix of the estate of Daniel Delap, late of Tyrore township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

Mar. 25, 1901, td H. G. WEHLER, Register.

Julius W. Fischer. Harry L. Miller.
J. W. FISCHER & CO.,
Books, Stationery
and School Supplies.
Center Square, HANOVER, PA.

Horses & Mules AT LITTLESTOWN.



WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20TH,
I will receive at my stables in Littlestown, Pa., 20 head of Extra Fine Horses and Mares, a number of them are good single line driver.
Also 20 head of fine broken Mules, weighing from 1,000 to 1,400 lbs. Any person wishing to buy or exchange will miss a great opportunity by failing to look over this stock.
H. A. SPALDING,
Littlestown, Pa.

Western Maryland Railroad

CONFERRING WITH—
P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg;
Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown;
P. & O. R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run;
Penna. R. R. at Brucerville and Hanover;
and P. W. & B. N. C. and B. & P. Railroads
at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.
BALTIMORE & HAGERSTOWN DIVISION

Schedule in effect Sept. 30, 1900.

READ DOWNWARD		STATIONS.	READ UPWARD
P. M.	A. M.		
5 54	8 21	Le Williamsport Ar	8 21
2 07	12 05	Hagerstown	8 00
2 38	11 40	Ar Edgmont Le	7 34
6 09	11 40	Le Shippensburg Ar	8 55
1 45	12 34	Chambersburg	8 25
2 18	11 57	Waynesboro	7 51
2 39	11 40	Ar Edgmont Le	7 35
2 41	11 37	Le Edgmont Ar	7 34
2 33	11 24	Ar Highfield Le	7 19
2 56	11 20	Le Highfield Ar	7 16
3 24	10 52	Fairfield	6 48
3 33	10 42	Orrtanna	6 37
3 38	10 38	McKinstown	6 32
3 42	10 35	Seven Stars	6 29
3 55	10 25	Gettysburg	6 25
4 13	10 04	New Oxford	6 05
4 18	10 07	Berlin Junction	5 52
4 31	9 29	Hanover	5 35
4 45	9 35	Porters	5 27
4 51	9 25	Sinsheim	5 20
5 01	9 51	Green Ridge	5 13
5 09	9 53	Greenville	5 11
5 12	9 05	Lindboro	5 00
5 20	10 14	Leola	4 53
5 31	10 17	Green Mount	4 42
5 35	10 23	Hampstead	4 37
5 42	10 32	Arcadia	4 30
5 54	10 22	Woodensburg	4 19
5 58	10 35	Ar Em's Gro Le	4 15
6 00	10 37	Le Em's Gro Ar	4 15
6 57	11 20	Ar Baltimore Le	3 32
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.

Mixed Train leave Highfield daily except Sunday 11:40 a. m., stopping at intermediate points, arriving Hanover 4:45 p. m.
BERLIN BRANCH.—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Leave Hanover for Berlin Junction at 6:58 and 9:52 a. m. and 12:45 and 3:45 p. m. Leave Berlin Junction for Hanover at 6:45 and 9:40 a. m., 12:35 and 3:35 p. m.
Leave East Berlin for Berlin Junction at 6:00, 8:55 a. m. and 11:30 a. m. and 3:45 p. m. Leave Berlin Junction for Hanover at 9:07 a. m. and 12:45 and 3:45 p. m.
HANOVER JUNCTION BRANCH.—Leave New Oxford for Hanover Junction and intermediate stations at 12:00 m. daily except Sunday, and leave Hanover Junction for New Oxford and intermediate stations at 1:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.
EASTERN EXTENSION B. & H. DIVISION.—Leave Porters for York and intermediate stations at 7:30 and 9:35 a. m. and 12:35 and 5:27 p. m. Leave York for Porters and intermediate stations at 9:00 and 12:00 a. m. and 4:10 and 6:30 p. m.
ON SUNDAYS ONLY.—Leave Hanover for Baltimore and intermediate stations at 6:29 a. m. Leave Baltimore for Hanover and intermediate stations at 9:35 a. m.
POTOMAC VALLEY RAIL ROAD.—Leave Hagerstown for Chariton, Clear Spring, Big Pool and Cherry Run at 8:10 a. m., and 12:05 and 3:05 p. m. Leave Cherry Run for Hagerstown and intermediate stations at 5:20 and 9:40 a. m., and 12:45 and 3:45 p. m.
CONNECTIONS AT CHERRY RUN, W. VA. R. R. for Porters and intermediate stations for Cumberland and intermediate points, daily, at 8:51 a. m. Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago Express, da. ly, at 12:55 p. m. Chicago Express, daily, at 10:39 p. m.
J. M. HOOD, B. H. GRISWOLD,
General Manager, Gen'l Passenger Agt.,
S. M. MANIFOLD, JOSEPH LEIB,
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